FIRST EDITION.

Midnight.

CONGRESS.

Land and Railroad Bills Passed.

THE TARIFF AND TAX.

The Postal Telegraph Bill Considered.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

WASHINGTON, May 16, 1872.

SENATE.

S. & P. R. R. DEPOT.

The Senate resumed consideration of the Baltimore & Potomac Railroad depot bill.

Several amendments were offered and rejected, and the bill was then passed—39 to 18.

BILLS PASSED.

The following bills were reported from the Committee on Indian Affairs and from the Committee on Public Lands, and passed: To authorize the President to negotiate with the chief men of the Cherokee and Bancock tribes of Indians for the relinquishment of portions of their reservation in Wyoming Territory.

To provide for the sale of certain New York Indian lands in Kansas.

To confirm to the Great and Little Osage Indians a reservation in Indian Territory.

For the sale of Black Bob Indian lands in Kansas.

To enable the Secretary of War to pay the expenses incurred in suppressing Indian hostilities in Montana in 1867.

To confirm the sales of Shawnee Indian lands in Kansas under the direction and with the approval of the Secretary of the Interior.

Granting right of way through public lands to the Pensacola and Louisville Railroad Company.

To create an additional land district in Minnesota.

To secure homesteads to actual settlers on the public domain.

Concerning a land grant to Oregon for the establishment of an agricultural college.

To settle land titles in Iowa.

In relation to settlers on certain reservations in Minnesota.

REPORT CONCURRED IN.

Mr. COLE, from the Committee of Conference on the Naval Appropriation bill, made a report, which was concurred in.

STATUE OF GEN. RAWLINS.

Mr. MORRILL (Maine) introduced a bill to provide for an equestrian statue of the late Gen. Rawlins.

RELIEF FOR SAILORS.

Mr. STOCKTON, from the Committee on Naval Affairs, reported a bill for the relief of the officers and crew of the United States steamer Wyoming.

SETTLERS ON WEST WISCONSIN RAILROAD.

The bill in relation to settlers on the West Wisconsin Railroad was passed.

UNFINISHED BUSINESS.

Mr. SCOTT called up the *habeas corpus* suspension bill, so as to make it unfinished business for to-morrow.

The Senate then took a recess until 7:30 P. M.

BRIDGE BILL PASSED.

Evening Session.—The following bill was passed: To authorize the construction of a bridge across the Mississippi at or near Redwing, and to establish it as a post route.

POSTAL TELEGRAPH.

The postal telegraph bill was considered.

Messrs. NYE and CONKLING opposed, and Messrs. HAMLIN and SAWYER advocated it.

Mr. SAWYER thought the monopoly of the bill should pass that it would break up the Associated Press monopoly of news.

Mr. CONKLING said he could well understand how the friends of the measure might hope to gain something for it by appealing to the feeling of indignation in the Senate against the Associated Press, because of its misrepresentations, but he denied that striking at telegraph companies was striking at the Associated Press or the officers of the latter institution.

Without acting on the bill, the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.

AUTHORIZING DEFENDANTS TO TESTIFY.

A bill was passed authorizing defendants in United States Courts to testify in their own behalf.

TARIFF AND TAX.

The tariff bill then came up in Committee of the Whole.

On motion the duty on quinine was reduced from 25 per cent. to 10 per cent.

Mr. STARKWEATHER moved to strike out the item taxing saltpetre 3 per cent. per pound, and put it on the free list.

Mr. DAWES warned the House that this motion was in the interest of the Hazard and Dupont powder mill companies—the two greatest monopolies in the country.

The amendment was agreed to—73 to 52.

The amendment striking out the item taxing sal soda and soda ash ¼ cent per pound was rejected.

The duty on santonine was reduced to one dollar per pound, and strychnine to 30 cents per ounce.

The duty on rum essence or oil, and bay rum essence or oil, was reduced to 50 cents per ounce.

Mr. HOAR moved to add to the item taxing books, &c., 12½ cents per pound, an exemption of those imported for public libraries, colleges, schools, philosophical societies, &c.

Mr. KERR moved to reduce the rate to 10 cents per pound.

Mr. HOLMAN moved to put school books on the free list.

Mr. BUTLER argued in favor of fixing the duty at a low rate as is consistent with the rights of American publishers, and suggested a reduction of the *ad valorem* rate to 10 per cents.

After a long discussion, Mr. Howard's amendment, making school books, charts and maps used by common schools, bibles and testaments, free of duty, was rejected by 69 to 72.

Mr. DAWES moved to reduce the duty on books from 12½ to 10 cent. per pound was rejected—75 to 78.

Mr. HOAR's amendment was agreed to, and also one offered by Mr. Garfield, exempting books in foreign languages and stereotype editions of old books unrevised for twenty years.

Mr. DAWES moved to put the duty on all paper at 90 per cent. of the existing duties as a substitute for the paragraph relating to printing paper 28 per cent. Agreed to—84 to 78.

FINAL ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. BUTLER (Mass.) offered a resolution for final adjournment from the 2d of June to the last Thursday in November next. He explained his motion for postponement to the autumn of November, instead of *sine die*, as being to keep in force the act authorizing the suspension of the writ of *habeas corpus*, which expires at the end of the present session. This proposition extends the session legally till the day fixed in November.

He was proceeding to state why Congress should take this recess, owing to the state of affairs in the South, but was called to order, and the Speaker decided that such a range of debate was not in order on a resolution for final adjournment.

Mr. BUTLER proceeded to speak of the prevalence in the South of rape, murder and robbing. [Loud calls to order.]

Mr. BECK declared that all of Butler's statements were untrue. [Calls to order.]

Mr. BUTLER, not being permitted to proceed with his remarks, said he would grant to the other side of the House the mercy of silence, and would move the previous question.

The previous question was not seconded—64 to 106.

Mr. DAWES then moved as a substitute a resolution for adjournment *sine die* from Monday, June 3d. Agreed to—yeas 142, nays 57.

The House then took a recess till 7:30, the evening session to be for the business of the Committee on Public Lands.

BILLS PASSED.

Evening Session.—Mr. KETCHAM, Chairman of the Committee on Public Lands, reported the Senate bill to create an additional land district in Kansas. Passed.

Also the Senate bill relating to the erection of new districts. Passed with a substitute.

Mr. TOWNSEND (Pa.), from the same committee, reported the House bill granting the right of way to the Dakota Grand Trunk Railway Company. Passed.

Also the House bill granting like rigift of way to the Utah and Northern Railway Company. Passed.

Mr. HAWLEY, from the same committee, reported the House bill granting like right of way to the Missouri Valley Railroad Company. Passed.

Also a bill for the relief of certain homestead settlers on public lands. Passed, after a long discussion.

Mr. STEVENSON, from the same committee, reported a bill to confirm entries of lands under the act of the 4th of August, 1854, to graduate and reduce the price of public lands. Passed.

Mr. DUNNELL, from the same committee, reported the House bill extending to March, 1875, the time for the completion of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad, and to secure lands to actual settlers.

After considerable controversy, the House adjourned without acting on the bill.

THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, May 16, 1872.

THE TREATY OF WASHINGTON.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations had another meeting this morning on the subject of the additional articles to the treaty of Washington, but came to no conclusion. There seems to be no doubt, but the Committee will report favorably, and that the Senate will finally act in the matter this week.

F. C. R. R. DEPOT.

The House bill locating the depot of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad on Sixth street, near Pennsylvania avenue, was passed by the Senate to-day, by a vote of 37 against 16, all amendments having been voted down. It now goes to the President for his signature.

NASHVILLE.

Industrial Exposition.

NASHVILLE, May 16.—The interest in the Nashville Industrial Exposition increases daily. The exhibition is about complete, and comprises a wonderful variety, representing all sections of the United States. The crowds that attend are very large, and from all quarters.

THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXXVII. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1872. NUMBER 119.

BEAVER FALLS.

Enthusiastic Meeting—Eloquent Address by Mr. John F. Dravo.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BEAVER FALLS, PA., May 16, 1872.

The meeting at Lafayette Hall, to-night, was a decided success. The house was crowded to overflowing.

Mr. John F. Dravo delivered an eloquent address. He was often interrupted by enthusiastic cheers. The best of order prevailed, and the large assemblage dispersed, well pleased with the instruction they had received.

Mr. Rutan, who was also announced to speak, failed to put in an appearance. A. G. G.

POLITICAL.

Nebraska Republican Convention.

OMAHA, NEB., May 15.—The State Republican Convention met at Lincoln, Nebraska, yesterday. Resolutions were passed endorsing the administration; favoring an amendment to the Constitution providing for the election of Senators, postmasters and other Federal officers directly by the people; favoring the dedication of public lands for homestead and pre-emption purposes.

The Convention adjourned until this morning, when the following delegates were elected to attend the Philadelphia Convention: John Reddick, J. S. Bowen, J. D. Neleegh, W. Atkinson, Senator Tipton's nephew, J. R. Weston, and Jno. Roberts, who were instructed to vote for Grant and Colfax.

The Colored Men of Ohio and the Liberals.

COLUMBUS, O., May 16.—The colored men of this city and county held a mass meeting at the Opera House to-night, to consider the political issues of the day. Resolutions were adopted endorsing Grant's administration, and declaring in favor of Grant and Dennison for President and Vice President of the United States; declaring the colored people of the North and South an indissoluble part of the Republican party, and in terse language opposing Greeley and the whole Liberal movement. A number of speeches were made by prominent local colored men, all of which declared the Liberal movement but another name for the rupt the Republican party, and thereby elevate to power the Democratic party, and through that party repeal the Congressional legislation upon which the enforcement of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments depends. The meeting was large and enthusiastic.

Michigan Republican Convention.

DETROIT, April 16.—The Republican State Convention met at Jackson to-day and elected delegates to the National Republican Convention at Philadelphia.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the unexampled prosperity of the country, the universal feeling of stability which encourages enterprises of all kinds, the steady diminution of the principal debt, the large reduction of taxation, the enforcement of the public credit, the rapid extension of every right to every citizen, the visible dissolution of the Democratic party, so long hostile to justice and equal rights, are the satisfactory proofs of national confidence in the Republican administration of the Government.

Resolved, That in our judgment, Gen. Grant has been as faithful and patriotic in the cabinet as he was in the field, and has, by his honest heart and firm purpose his nomination to the Presidency is desired by the great mass of the Republican party.

Entire unanimity characterized the proceedings throughout.

Union League of America.

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—The National Executive Committee of the Union League of America held an adjourned session in this city to-day, ex-Governor William Newell in the chair. The time was principally occupied in the arrangement of the private work of the campaign. Arrangements were made for a full meeting of the National Council in Philadelphia on the day before the National Convention, when a public reception, composed of prominent Philadelphians, was appointed. The National Committee will meet at Philadelphia on Wednesday, June 4th.

Indiana Congressional Convention.

LOUISVILLE, May 15.—The Republican Congressional Convention of the Ninth District of Indiana was held at Jeffersonville to-day. Dr. D. W. Voyles, postmaster at New Albany, was nominated for Congress.

Resolutions were adopted denouncing the Greeley movement, endorsing President Grant, and favoring his renomination.

Utah Republican Convention.

CORINNE, UTAH, May 16.—The Union Republican Convention to-day elected O. J. Hollista, of Corrinne, and A. S. Gold, of Salt Lake, delegates to the Philadelphia Convention, and Dennis J. Toohey and O. Y. Sawyer alternates. There is great enthusiasm. A ratification mass meeting was held on to-night. The delegates are instructed to vote for Grant and Colfax, first, last, and all the time.

SCRANTON.

The Mountain Fires—A Village Surrounded by Flames.

SCRANTON, PA., May 16.—A person just returned from the mountains reports the terrible fire in the neighborhood of Tobyhanna, reports that the village was entirely surrounded by fire on Wednesday. It swept up within a short distance of the saw mill, where thousands of feet of lumber were piled up. The villagers mustered in force, and while an engine from Stroudsburg kept the lumber and ground wet around the mills, the villagers beat back the fire until they got it under control. The fire in the swamp intervening between the town and the fire, there is no doubt but the whole town of Tobyhanna would have been destroyed. From the northwest the fire worked around to the south of the village, burning a lower and building also a house owned by Patrick Whalon. The people in that part of the town were packing up their household effects and loading them on wagons. Some families had left the town. Others were prepared to move at a moment's notice. The fire was burning very rapidly in the direction of these buildings, and the air was filled with sparks and burning brands. At the Hotel Tobyhanna, one of the town was on fire, but it was extinguished before there was much damage done. Other buildings were on fire at different times. The people had to be continually on the watch. A spark were flying this way and fast. Everything being so very dry, they set fire to whatever they fell on. The heat was lutense, and the smoke was so thick that it was impossible to recognize a person ten feet off. At times a person could not see the sun for the dense smoke. The inhabitants of Tobyhanna, and those who have been there assisting them, had a terrible week of it, some of the men not having slept for four nights.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

River Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
Office of the Chief Officer.
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 16, 1872

Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours.

STATIONS.	RIVER.	RISE.	FALL.
Cairo.....	19.5	1.5	
Cincinnati..	8.3		0.07
Davenport..	4.11	0.4	
Louisville...	4.9		0.04
Memphis....	11.0		0.02
Nashville....	—2.7		0.02
New Orleans	4.14		0.04
Pittsburgh..	3.0		
Shreveport..			0.04
St. Louis....	26.9		0.02
St. Paul....	15.7	0.5	
Vicksburg...	25.2		4.5

VICKSBURGH, May 16.—Down—John Kyle, 4; Murrillo, 1 P. M. Up—Mary Houston, 11 A. M.; Pargoud, 5 P. M. Clear and warm. River falling.

LOUISVILLE, May 16.—River falling slowly; 5 5 inches in canal; 3 feet 2 inches in chute; 7 feet out. Warm and cloudy. Business very dull. Arrived—Belle Vernon, Pittsburgh; Allegheny Belle and barges, Wheeling; Charmer and Columbia, Cincinnati; S. E. Rankin, Evansville; H. S. Turner, New Orleans. Departed—Belle Vernon and Allegheny Belle and barges, St. Louis; Charmer, Evansville; H. J. Turner and J. E. Rankin, Cincinnati; Columbia, New Orleans.

CAIRO, ILLS., May 16.—Arrived—Arlington, St. Louis, 3 A. M. Departed—Arlington, Cincinnati, 4 P. M. River risen 22 inches. Heavy shower at noon. Cloudy and warm.

ST. LOUIS, May 16.—Arrived—Harry Johnson, Keokuk; General Anderson, Tennessee River; Sam Lee, Illinois River; Messenger, Thompson Dean and Tom Jasper, New Orleans; Messenger, Pittsburgh; Wolff, Peoria; Abel Kansas City; Victory, upper Mississippi. Departed—Belle and Jennie, Keokuk; Wm. Rogers, Glasgow, Red river; Redwing, St. Paul; Ron Accord, Mound City; City of Vicksburg and Harry Johnson, Keokuk; Park Palatei, Reid's Landing. River falling slowly. Weather cloudy; began rain at noon.

NASHVILLE, May 16.—River steadily declining; 2 feet on Harpeth shoals. Weather cloudy, with a light sprinkle of rain. Light draught boats are so be substituted for the regular Cairo packets.

EVANSVILLE, May 16.—Cloudy and very warm; mercury 84. River fallen four inches. Down.—Nick Longworth, 9 A. M.; Liberty No. 4, 4 A. M.; Mary Ament, 4 P. M.; Evansville and Tarascon, 6. Up—Quickstep, 5 A. M.; Fayette and Anna, 5. Business light. River falling.

CINCINNATI, May 16.—River nine feet; falling. Arrived—Andes, Wheeling; Sam J. Hale, Memphis. Departed—Robert Burns, Memphis; Chas. B. Church, New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 16.—Arrived—R. Mitchell, Cincinnati. Departed—R. E. Lee, Louisville; Belfast, St. Louis; Jno. Howard, Arkansas river. Clear and warm.

PHILADELPHIA.

Obituary

PHILADELPHIA, May 16.—Charles E. Fox, formerly City Solicitor, died suddenly this morning. His death was announced in the Episcopal Convention to-day by Bishop Stevens, who said the deceased had been present as a delegate at the session yesterday. Appropriate resolutions were adopted in testimony of the worth of the deceased. He was for thirty years Secretary of the Convention.

Presbyterian General Assembly.

DETROIT, May 16.—The Presbyterian General Assembly, composed of about five hundred Commissioners, one half ministers and one half laymen, representing great strength and wealth of the northern lake and contiguous States, met in annual session to-day.

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

NEW YORK.

The Press on the Indirect Claims.

FAILURE OF BARNARD'S IMPEACHMENT.

The National Farmer to Remain Silent.

GAVAZZI IN THE M. E. CONFERENCE.

The Reformed Presbyterian General Synod.

NEW YORK, May 16, 1872.

THE PRESS ON THE INDIRECT CLAIMS.

The *World* this morning says: In the publication of the correspondence between Washington and London recently, much has been said on the subject of the truckling of President Grant and the humiliating position in which he has placed the American Government.

The *Times* says: If we have made a mistake in putting the indirect claims, this nation is surely strong enough to say so, and abandon them. If, what is equally probable, our agents in the negotiation have been too eager in our service, and have asked for more than they could get, it is no great blunder, and one which the nation will readily forgive. But what the people would not easily forgive is that so grand a principle as referring international difficulties to a court of arbitration should thus be overthrown in its first application by foolish pride or obstinacy. The best portion of this nation has at length grasped firmly the principle of arbitration, and is disposed to make war in the tir tial of it as a new method of right and reason, and a new promoter of peace and good will. It will be an intense disappointment to them to see this effort come to naught merely because we have asked too much, and now stand by our demands.

The *Times* says that to let all this equitable agreement and reference to arbitration fall to the ground, because our negotiators had claimed an unreasonable amount and kind of damages, would be the blight of the age.

METHODIST GENERAL CONFERENCE.

In the Methodist General Conference, to-day, it was decided that the election of six Bishops take place next Tuesday, in view of which tomorrow was appointed as a day of fasting and prayer.

A resolution was offered and referred to exclude advertisements of quack doctors from the publications of the church.

The reception of delegates from the Free Church of Italy (Dr. Cook, Thompson and Father Gavazzi) then took place.

Dr. Thompson said in Italy they had twenty-five congregations, and their declarations embodied the principles of our common Christianity.

Father Gavazzi spoke for some minutes. Before 1848, he said, they had not a single place for Christian worship in Italy. After that they met in secret. From that time they had seven congregations established, and from 1860 to 1870 they established the Free Church of Italy. [Applause.] He preached Christianity without a name in Italy. He was not foolish enough to reform the Church of Rome, for it was unreformable. In conclusion, he recommended the establishment of a college in Italy.

Revs John Whettered and John J. Murray, from Baltimore, addressed the Convention, after which it adjourned.

REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN GENERAL SYNOD.

The General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of North America assembled in Brooklyn to-day. Rev. James F. Morton, of Cedarville, Ohio, was chosen moderator and Rev. Dr. McLeod, of New York, as clerk.

A letter from Dr. James Harpers, of the United Presbyterian church in Xenia, Ohio, was read.

A motion was made by Dr. Wilson, of Ohio, to accept the letter and publish it in the minutes.

Dr. Steele, of Philadelphia, said that if the letter was published he thought the latter part of it, which suggested union, and that the Psalms to be sung by the Church, should be guarded. He objected to the part spoken of, as some Psalms as altered contained what he considered doctrinal errors concerning the headship of Christian.

Dr. Wilson said the reception of the paper was a mere matter of courtesy. It did not endorse anything there was in it to accept it.

Amendments and substitutions to numerous to mention here followed, but the original motion of Dr. Wilson was finally carried.

The synod adjourned until three o'clock.

TRIAL OF BABCOCK.

The trial of Stephen B. Babcock, the Custom House broker, was commenced before United States Commissioner Osborn, to-day. This is the first examination into a series of charges made that numbers of foreign bottoms have obtained registry as American vessels by the use of perjured affidavits; that these vessels had been wrecked on American waters, and purchased and repaired by American citizens, the repairs put on such vessels being equal to three-fourths of the cost of such vessels when originally built. Babcock denies any knowledge that the affidavits were fraudulent, and says he acted in good faith.

THE NATIONAL FARMER TO REMAIN SILENT.

The *Tribune* announces that Greeley will accept no invitations to speak on political questions while a candidate for the Presidency, for the convenience of those who might otherwise invite him if they will accept this as his final determination. He will accept an appointment to speak at Poughkeepsie this evening to the colored people. In fulfillment of a promise made when he did not expect to be nominated, but will discuss no political topic.

INCREASED TAXES.

It is rumored to-day that the board estimate that this years taxes will amount to ten millions more than last year. If this be true, it will increase the rate of taxation from two dollars and seventy-six cents to three dollars and twenty cts. per one hundred and eighty dollars valuation.

FAILURE OF BARNARD'S IMPEACHMENT.

The statement comes from Albany that, owing to the haste necessary to conclude the business by the time fixed upon by the Legislature for adjournment, the legislation in regard to Judge Barnard's impeachment is imperfect, and the impeachment has failed for the present in consequence.

STATUTES DECLARED UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Chief Justice Barbour has given a careful opinion, holding that the United States statutes of 1866 and 1867, permitting a defendant not a resident of the same State as the plaintiff to remove his case at any stage of the suit from a State to a United States Court, is unconstitutional.

SALE OF PAINTINGS.

The sale of the paintings subscribed by the French and German artists for the relief of the Chicago sufferers will commence to-morrow, and continue until the sale is completed. The money resulting from the sale will be transmitted to the Mayor of Chicago.

RAISING THE PRICE OF BREAD.

The bakers this afternoon resolved to increase the price of bread from four to five cents per small loaf and eight to ten cents per large loaf.

DECORATION DAY.

Preparations are completed for the observance of Decoration Day, on the 30th instant.

MICHIGAN.

The Miners' Strike—Leaders Arrested and Rescued.

DETROIT, May 16.—Information received from Houghton last night regarding the strike in the copper mines states that on Tuesday morning a portion of the workmen were satisfied with the terms offered by the mining Superintendents, and declared their wish to go to work again. Upon proceeding to the mines they were refused with. The Sheriff being notified, he summoned one hundred special deputies from among the citizens of Hancock and Houghton to protect the workmen. Four of the leaders in the strikers were arrested and committed to an armed guard of sixteen to take them to jail at Houghton, thirteen miles distant. The discontented miners rallied and started after the sheriff. When one mile from Calumet they overtook and rescued the prisoners. The Sheriff's force, being so largely outnumbered, yielded the prisoners at the demand of the strikers, who made many threats in case they were interfered with, but injured none.

Many women joined in the attack on the guards. A meeting of the strikers was held on Tuesday afternoon. A few were in favor of resuming work, but all that they could reasonably ask for had been complied with by the mining Superintendents. The majority thought otherwise, and decided not to work except under the eight hour rule. They are all satisfied with the wages offered.

The arrival of the troops is anxiously awaited. The expectation of their presence so soon has already had some effect at Schoolcraft, Franklin, Quincy, and the Pewabic mines. Some men have returned to their work, and as far as heard from have not been interfered with. A few are clamorous and inclined to bolstrous talk. As a rule, the strikers are quiet but firm in their demands. Their leaders counsel temperance and sobriety, which up to the present time has not been infringed, and no injury has been done to property. The total number of persons now engaged in the strike and will not work themselves or permit others to do so, is two thousand. The troops are expected to reach Houghton to-morrow, and it is supposed that the moral effect of their presence will be sufficient to restore order and obedience to the legal authorities. A number of miners are on their way, having been previously employed to work in the mines. The only danger apprehended now, is that they may be interfered with by discontented strikers. Mr. Agassiz, President of the Calumet and Hecla mines, has left Detroit, and will reach the scene of disturbance on Friday.

FOREIGN.

Frightful Conflagration in Yeddo.

30,000 PEOPLE HOUSELESS.

Wounded and Lame Killed by Officials.

JAPAN.

FRIGHTFUL CONFLAGRATION IN YEDDO.

YOKOHAMA, April 23.—A frightful conflagration occurred in Yeddo during a severe gale, which destroyed a space of two by three miles, originating from one of the Prince's Jalo palaces, in which the troops were quartered. The fire leaped whole blocks, burning places a mile from the beginning. An immense amount of property was destroyed. Where the wounded and lame were unable to escape, the officials slashed right and left with their swords, and thus by an instant death saved many from a more awful one by fire. Thirty thousand people are houseless, but the Government opened the rice store houses and fed all who applied. This fire has led the Government to permit foreigners to lease land in Yeddo by the owners making monthly reports, and will cause foreign money to be invested there to improve the city.

A new plan of the burnt district will be made out to be built upon, and wide streets and substantial buildings will only be allowed.

RAILROAD COMPLETED.

The railroad to Yeddo is at last completed, and will commence running in a week.

PROFOUND PEACE.

The story that the Japanese intended to assassinate the Mikado is not believed. The country is in profound peace, reports to the contrary notwithstanding.

TESTING FOREIGNERS.

A Government fair is to be opened soon at Kiato, the former residence of the Mikado, and the hot-bed of the anti foreign party. Foreigners, on depositing three hundred dollars with their consul as good behavior, may visit there for seventy days. This move is made to test the foreigners in the country. It their behavior is troublesome to the Government, no doubt Iwakura will be ordered to keep Japan a sealed book somewhat longer.

CANADA.

THE WASHINGTON TREATY IN PARLIAMENT.

TORONTO, CAN., May 16.—The treaty bill was again discussed in Parliament last night. Horton said the most objectionable clause was the cession of St. Lawrence without the consent of Canada. A vote will be taken to-day.

WORKINGSMEN'S PARADE.

HAMILTON, CAN., May 16.—Workingmen's trade societies to the number of several thousand paraded yesterday to support the men on a strike, and to celebrate the concessions of some of the employers to the nine hour rule.

GERMANY.

RESTRICTION OF RELIGIOUS ORGANIZATIONS.

BERLIN, May 16.—The Reichstag passed a resolution asking the Government to submit for its action a draft of a law which shall regulate licenses granted to religious orders, and provide for the punishment of all members of such organizations who are guilty of dangerous activity towards the State. The resolution is aimed more particularly at the Jesuits, who are especially mentioned as requ ring restriction.

WEST INDIES.

MAIL SERVICE TO THE UNITED STATES.

HAVANA, May 16.—A committee of New York merchants has presented a petition to the Government for carrying the Cuban mail to the United States, and establishing a regular weekly line. The offer is likely to be accepted.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Governor Hoffman has vetoed the second New York charter.

—A special from Hogston, Texas, reports the State Fair to be a brilliant success.

—The General Assembly of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church met at Evansville, Indiana, yesterday.

—Colonel George W. Dougal, of California, took poison at Washington, D. C., on Wednesday night, and died in the afternoon.

—The survivors of Hood's Texas Brigade met at New Orleans, and organized a charitable association. Gen. J. B. Hood was made President.

—A fire in the freight depot of the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railroad at Norfolk depot, on Tuesday night, destroyed $300,000 worth of wool belonging to the Eliot Felting Mill.

—The Italian Government has sent a communication to the Government of Prince Charles of Roumania, protesting against the persecution and oppression of the Jews in that country.

—The crew of the American steamer Monticello, which was wrecked off the coast of Newfoundland, was taken off by the French brig Louise, and with her passengers, thirty in number, landed at St. Perrie, and have since reached Sidney.

THE STATE.

ARMSTRONG.—The *Armstrong Republican* wants to know who that Armstrong county boatman is, who fell heir to $300,000.——Darwin E. Phelps is a candidate for Prothonotary in Kittanning.——The *Press* corrects certain errors in the statement of the Meadville fire, as follows: The New York *Tribune* has, it seems, a Kittanning correspondent who is endowed with a lively imagination, for he wrote to that paper, that only enough electors could be got together on Monday, "resulted in the entire success of the Liberal or Greeley ticket." It is news to us that such a ticket was in the field on that occasion.——A new Lutheran church is to be erected this summer, at Manifold.

BUTLER.—Republican primaries on the 8th of June.——No arrangements for Decoration Day in Butler.——The Butler county oil regions continue to attract speculators.

BEAVER.—M. L. Knight has been elected Superintendent of the public schools.——The *Argus* says: "If what has been intimated to us be true, a fire insurance detective might make himself useful to his employers by a close investigation of the cause of a fire some time ago in the storehouse of Mr. Agassiz."

BERKS.—Martin Luther is prescribing for the bodily infirmities of the Reading folks.——The hotel keepers are overrun with applications for rooms for visitors to the approaching Democratic Convention.——The Reading Academy of Music building is rapidly approaching completion.——The Scott foundry at Reading gives employment to 200 hands, and the force will soon be increased 200. There is about $100,000 worth of machinery ready for shipment from it.

CLARION.—Dr. J. J. Marks has been installed the new pastor of the Brownsville Presbyterian Church.——Mr. W. H. Frazier was dangerously injured by falling into the Saw Mill U. C. E. Andrews, at New Bethlehem, by being struck with a cable which was used in the machinery for drawing logs. Mr. F. was thrown over fifty feet, and his recovery is doubtful.——Court was held in Clarion, and the town is full of visitors.——Two most beautiful statues—the Blessed Virgin and St. Joseph, of the celebrated Munich school, have been purchased and presented to St. Michael's church. Mr. Herdlitzka, of Pittsburgh, executed the work. They were blessed on the 5th of May.——A man named Davis, from Warren, Ohio, was working in the Petersburg oil region, and becoming insane and dangerous last week, he was taken charge of. He set fire to his up and escaped. He was then sent to the jail here, where he became very violent. He managed to get out twice, and set fire to his cell on Tuesday night, and almost caused a terrible conflagration. The bounds came and took him home on Wednesday.

CHESTER.—The barn of John T. Bell at West Whiteland was destroyed last Monday. Loss $8,000.——The wheat crop in Chester county appears to be destined to be a failure. The winter badly killed it, and then a great deal that did get through the cold weather was killed off by the hot, dry weather we have been having lately.——A party of explorers found in Chester county what is supposed to be a valuable mineral deposit composed of large beds of rock of the granite class, as well as iron, chrome, and with strong indications of silver, the former being chiefly valuable as a building material. Soon will be published and sold a work published and suitable for mantle and other ornamental architectural purposes. The tract of land belonged to Frederick Cooper, and was not regarded as being valuable for agricultural purposes. Its value now, as estimated by experienced mineralogists and miners, in view of its proximity to Philadelphia and other towns and cities, amounts to hundreds of thousands of dollars and even millions. Specimens of the rock will be on view the day all over Chester county, from whitewashing the old fences to the erection of grand new houses.

DELAWARE.—The 102d birthday anniversary of Mrs. Polly, of Media, occurred a few days ago.——The School Directors met at Media, on Tuesday last, and re-elected James W. Baker county Superintendent for the ensuing three years. They also increased the salary to sixteen hundred dollars.——The Democrats of Chester more than has been paid heretofore.——A sixteen year old boy, last week, while playing with matches, set fire to the barn of Hannah Black, of Concord, and had it not been for the timely assistance rendered by Mr. Osborn, Mrs. B. would have lost a building in which to store her horse and cow.——One of the largest manufactories in Delaware county is to be erected on the lands of the Chester Improvement Company, at a cost of $50,000. It will be operated by Messrs. D. Trainer & Co., for the purpose of spinning cotton yarns. It is said the mill will be filled with improved machinery at a cost of not less than $100,000.——The movement, it is said is known, Delaware, to procure farm laborers and house servants from Sweden, seems likely to be successful. The agent sent out to Sweden a few days ago, writes back that he has already secured the number of persons desired by the Middletown Society, (fifty) and has five whom he proposes to bring over, saying that they are strong men, for whom places can be boodily had.——Willie Mendenhall, of Edgemont, fooled with a hay cutter, and now carries his arm in a sling.

FAYETTE.—There are twenty cases set down for trial at the next term of court at Uniontown, commencing on Monday, June 3d.

GREENE.—Greene County farmers have finished planting corn, and are now ready for the work next in order with them.——The Monongahela College will be formally dedicated July 4, when orations, music, and a grand collation will be the order of the day.——The fruit prospect is good.

INDIANA.—Republican Primaries June 1st.——Not one Greeley Republican in Indiana.——Two children of Mr. J. Maggie, Armstrong township, were thrown from a wagon the other day and severely injured—one of the little girls subsequently had its arm amputated.——Blairsville talks of building a water works.

LEBANON.—The magnates in Pennsylvania of the Order of Knights Templar, visited Hermit Commandery, in Lebanon, on Monday evening. After the ceremonies at the lodge room, an entertainment was given at the Eagle Hotel, where the brethren enjoyed the good things liberally provided by mine host Siegrist.——The several banks of Lebanon aggregate at least a million of dollars of deposits.

MONTGOMERY.—The estate of the late Dr. William Wetherill, who resided at Fatland, near Port Kennedy, Montgomery county, is said to amount to about two and a half millions of dollars. A large portion of this, says the *Ledger*, was realized recently from the sale of valuable lands in Schuylkill county to the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad Company. Dr. Wetherill leaves a ten children. We understand that he made no will, or that none has been found as yet.

VENANGO.—An Oil City paper desires to make the acquaintance of a candidate in the Oil Regions who can be accused of the guilt of busting the South Improvement Company.

WASHINGTON.—Great preparations are being made for Decoration Day. Hon. John M. Kirkpatrick will deliver the oration.

CURRENT NOTES.

CALIFORNIA wants its coin twenty-cent pieces.

TARANTULA fights are the latest amusements in California.

NITRO-GLYCERINE is called "orphan elixir," a whole chapter in two words.

NILSSON is reported to have made $427,352 during her late visit to this country.

THE net profits of the Dominion Exhibition fair in Boston will not fall short of about $70,000.

ONE of the latest patents granted in Washington is for an improvement in eighons.

IN Massachusetts there are 128 cotton factories, with 32,149 looms and 2,304,848 spindles.

THE National Photographic Association is holding its fourth annual session in St. Louis.

ZINC has recently been found near the L. M. R. R. in St. Francois county in large quantities.

THE sale of Wombwell's celebrated menagerie in England only realized a little over $20,000.

A NEWSPAPER in Jacksonville, Illinois, has lost thirty-five cents in three libel suits brought against it.

THE Indians of La Estrella, Costa Rica, have assassinated their king. His nephew reigns in his stead.

THE Italian journals are crying out against the increasing emigration from that country to America.

NO less than twelve iron steamships are at present building on the Delaware, the aggregate cost of which will be more than $6,000,000.

GLEASON F. LEWIS, of Cleveland, O., has bought the Virginia Agricultural College land scrip, calling for 300,000 acres, for $85,000.

RUSSIA, Austria, Italy, France, Spain, and the United States, six of the eight foremost nations in the world have a legal-tender paper money.

ARSENIC is now used as a packing for the piston-rods of steam engines. Its power of resisting the action of heat fits it admirably for this purpose.

THE Williams mine near Galena, Ill., is the richest mine in the country. Over 1,000,000 pounds of mineral have been taken out within a week or two.

THE Palatka *Herald* says: "The orange groves are loaded with blossoms, and the prospect is that we shall have an unusually large orange crop next fall."

IT is stated from the census taken in the Madras Presidency shows a total population of about thirty and a half millions, having an increase in five years of over four millions.

AMONG the competitors for the darning prize lately offered at the Georgia State fair, one lady presented a darning so exquisitely neat that the judge could not find the mark of the needle.

THE meat fed out at the English workhouses and public institutions, is canned for the government in Australia, and is pronounced a pure and healthful article of food, as well as very cheap.

OUR domestic commerce, maintained by means of the little postal "money orders," has already reached the annual sum of $32,000,000, being one-twelfth as much as our whole foreign commerce.

CAIRO, in Egypt, is becoming quite famous for its public amusements, patronized by the Government. It has one opera, one theatre, and three well-appointed circus companies, with European performers.

DESPATCHES the £20,000 down and £2,000 a year for life already granted to the widow of the murdered Governor General of India, Parkinson at is about to make Lady Mayo a further allowance.

THERE is a strenuous effort being made under government patronage, in France, to promote the cause of temperance. Light wines have of late been superseded by strong liquors with the French tipplers.

ABOUT eighty members of the different German schutzen organizations of New York and vicinity, have organized for an excursion to Germany on the 29th of June, to attend the fourth General Schutzenfest, to be held at Berlin.

DUCKS and geese are very plenty in the prairie just now. A man at Gilman, Ill., said if he "had all the ducks and geese that had been on his farm this season, and could sell them for a cent apiece, he could pay off the national debt."

THE Boone County (Ind.) Democrat praises Hendricks's administration of the State Government. The total bore for March was 360 feet. Total length, opened to April 1, 12,602 feet, or nearly four miles. Total remaining yet to open, 6,426, or about a mile and one-sixth of a mile.

THE estimated value of the raw material imported last year was $12,000,000, and the value of the silk manufactures $26,000,000. This branch of industry was never more prosperous than now, and promises a steady and rapid growth.

THE *Sprig of Myrtle* for May is out. This interesting Knights of Pythias paper is filled with abstract proceedings of the late session of the Supreme Lodge, the reports of the Supreme Lodge officers and other matters of interest to the craft.

PRESIDENT THEODORE D. WOOLSEY, Leonard Bacon, and several other leading citizens of Connecticut, united in an address to the Republican delegates to the Philadelphia Convention, urging independence in the choice of a United States Senator.

THE Jackson (Miss.) *Pilot* says that the recent Mississippi Republican State Convention was harmonious and successful, and that the party in

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE—GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

JOSIAH KING.....H. M. LONG,
T. P. HOUSTON.....N. P. REED.
KING, REED & CO., Proprietors.

Terms for 1872.

DAILY GAZETTE.

By mail, per annum	$10 00
Do for 6 months	5 00
Do for 3 months	2 50
Do for 1 month	1 00

By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier.....15
All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single subscribers	$1 50
Clubs of five	1 25
Clubs of ten	1 15

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also, nearest express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily, or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1872.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. F. HARTRANFT, Montgomery County.
AUDITOR GENERAL:
HARRISON ALLEN, Warren County.
SUPREME JUDGE:
ULYSSES MERCUR, Bradford County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. LEMUEL TODD, Cumberland.
DELEGATES AT LARGE TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION:
WM. M. MEREDITH, Philadelphia;
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, Philadelphia;
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. WM. LILLY, Carbon;
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, Schuylkill;
R. N. MCALLISTER, Centre;
WILLIAM H. ARMSTRONG, Lycoming.
WILLIAM DAVIS, Monroe;
JAMES L. REYNOLDS, Lancaster;
SAMUEL F. DIMMICK, Wayne;
GEO. W. LAWRENCE, Washington;
DAVID N. WHITE, Allegheny;
W. H. AINEY, Lehigh;
JOHN H. WALKER, Erie.

BONDS at Frankfort 95¼.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 44½f.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 114⅛@114¼.

MR. GREELEY is out of a situation. Let him go West.

THE SUICIDE mania appears to again have broken out in all parts of the country.

NOT a representative colored man in the country has declared in favor of the Cincinnati movement.

NEBRASKA, Tennessee and New York have fallen into line and declared for President Grant's re-election by their Republican State Conventions. So the column moves.

GREELEY gives out that he will not speak during the present canvass. He is a wise man. He could not trust himself on the stump, for he is so impetuous that he would tell tales out of school in any and every speech he might make.

PREPARATIONS for Decoration Day are being made greatly, and the observance of the day this year, promises to be, if not so glittering as on former occasions, more in accord with the reverence which clusters about this sacred Sabbath memory.

THE NEW CITY HALL will soon be thrown open to the public, and when the people have had an opportunity for a thorough examination, we opine they will be unanimous in the conclusion that the Commission has performed its duty well.

MR. VOORHEES of Indiana yesterday gave in his adhesion to Gen. Grant in a high-flavored speech.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

Such a statement is a monstrous absurdity and will succeed in gulling no intelligent man.—*Post.*

Well, what are you going to do about it?

THE safety of Livingston, the African explorer, is reassured. An American newspaper reporter detailed to interview him was the man to find him, although the old world had given up the search and concluded that he was lost among the cannibals.

THE threatenings of drouth in some portions of the Northwestern States are becoming very serious. Upper Wisconsin papers say that unless rain comes soon hardly anything can be grown this summer, and fears are already entertained that the horrors of last fall may be repeated.

NO TRUE American can read the official diplomatic correspondence between our Government and that of Great Britain, without feeling that we have the best of the battle. Secretary Fish has proven himself to be shrewd and able and a diplomist of extraordinary force and qualifications. In his hands the dignity and interests of the State are well confided.

OUR Virgin alley neighbor, the honest *Post*, admits that "there are one hundred and forty-two German newspapers in the country. Of these only four have declared for Greeley. This fact is very significant."

Yes, neighbor it is very significant. Pray tell us now how many papers printed in the English language support the old philosopher? Unless our exchange list is all one-sided, we imagine that the press of the country is pretty generally arrayed against Greeley.

WE CANNOT too often urge upon our friends and readers the necessity of subscribing promptly to the Somerset relief fund. All are able to give something and certainly the cry of distress from our immediate neighbors should be generously responded to. So far not $3,000 has been raised for the holy purpose, where ten times that amount should have been subscribed and would have been subscribed, had the proper spirit been shown. It is not too late to do good.

"Music in the parks" is the popular cry of the masses. The Philadelphia *Press* suggests very pertinently that the city railway lines leading to them should pay for this additional attraction, inasmuch as they alone reap the harvest from the attendance. There are two lines leading to the Allegheny parks that could very well adopt the hint offered. Let there be music once a week, and our word for it the increase in their patronage would doubly pay the expense of the band.

THE *Gazette* itself is opposed to amnesty, and it has so repeatedly declared itself.—*Post.*

This is untrue. The GAZETTE favors a general amnesty; but if it had the power it would insist that the Northern rebels, who, while too cowardly to don the military uniform, did all in their power to secure the success of the Confederate army, by moral aid and encouragement, should be disfranchised just as much as those who were more honestly and more conspicuously engaged in the rebellion. Such a plan would prevent some of the conductors of the *Post* from casting a vote for Greeley or any other man, at the next general election.

THE Democratic party was once strong and powerful. Its aristocratic pretensions, its firm advocacy of the awful system of human bondage, its opposition to the war for the preservation of the Union, its hostility to every act of the United States Government when traitors and rebels saucily and with defiance threatened to secede from the common Union established in the wisdom and baptized by the blood of the earnest and patriotic heroes of '76—all combined to hurl it out of place and power. The people look on that political failure with no degree of sorrow. They are united in the conviction that it is well that such a treacherous organization should sink out of sight in the politics of the country. It has done more damage to the public welfare than any other organization could hope to do, and we are heartily glad that its prospects for a reinstalment in power are hopeless. Unless it leagues with its worst enemy, with a foe that has never spared it, with a man inimical by nature and instincts to it, but false for the hour to Republicanism, the hope is lost that it may make any conquest.

THE DISPOSITION to strike for less hours work and higher pay is everywhere being manifested throughout the country. Even here, where workingmen are generally well paid, the contagion has spread, and we know of many classes of laborers about to inaugurate a lockout. The loss and inconvenience attending strikes fall especially heavy on contractors, those who have made bids for work on the estimate of unchanged prices for labor. We are heartily in favor of paying good, living and fair wages to those working for a living, but we imagine that these later demands are not entirely just or proper. They are made at an inopportune season, just when a compromise or accession must be made by the employer, but will they pay in the end, when dull times come on?

THE INTELLIGENCE of a most terrible fire at Yeddo, the second capital of Japan, which swept over the unfortunate city yesterday, is reported this morning. In extent and amount of suffering entailed by it, the fire was even more awful than that which laid Chicago in ruins, and the loss of life was much heavier. Yeddo is on the south-east coast of the island of Niphon. Its fortified palace has been burned, and it is to be feared that its great public library which contains nearly 200,000 volumes has been destroyed. While there were many fine buildings in the town, still most of the houses were of wood, and this is not the first time that a fire laid the place in ruins. Its population is over a million and a half souls, thirty thousand of whom are left without a place of shelter. The suffering will be great.

WE print this morning a communication from a friend of Mr. Rutan, one of the candidates for the Senatorial nomination in the Twenty-sixth District. Yesterday we gave Mr. Dravo's side of the controversy, and it is nothing but fair that both should be heard. We are glad to know that, partly through our efforts, the voters in the adjoining district are waking up to the importance of this contest, and that so far it has been conducted in a high-toned and satisfactory manner. So far as Mr. Dravo is concerned, we are authorized to state, that he will support the Republican nominee; we believe Mr. Rutan and his immediate friends will do the same. We have stated our views fully, and personally have no objection to either of the gentlemen, but hold to our expressed belief that Dravo is much the stronger candidate of the two, and that with Rutan there is great danger of losing the District. Time alone can decide the correctness of this opinion. Of course it is unnecessary for us to add that we shall do all within our power to secure the election of the regular nominee; but would much prefer to see some new candidate taken up, upon whom all parties could unite. Should Mr. Rutan conclude to withdraw from the canvass and a good man taken up in his place, we are authorized to state that Mr. Dravo will likewise do so. Would this not be the better way to settle the matter, and heal the feuds within the party?

THE ERIE *Dispatch* seems to think it likely that General Harry White will withdraw from the nomination of Congressman at large. We do not believe there is any authority for this statement, except the surmise that, as the General has his name *twice* on the State ticket, he must soon select one of the two honors so generously assigned to him. We take it for granted that he will not tarry too long reflecting over the matter. There is no necessity for haste. In fact we prefer to wait until after the 30th of May. But should he make up his mind to withdraw, preferring the Constitutional Convention—then, we repeat, Allegheny county has such large and just claims as cannot be overlooked to gain the placr on the ticket. No fair-minded person can gainsay it. A glance at the situation will demonstrate the equity of the demand, and we hope our State Committee will see to it, so that, in an affair important to our vital interests and industries, and essentially right in its political bearings and significance—our county may not be left out to freeze, but may be warmed up by a generous acknowledgement of past services and unrequited labors. If, however, a hint won't do, we *demand it as a piece of justice due our county* that the Congressman shall be given us. We have as good and true men in old Allegheny as has any other county in the Commonwealth to offer, and we have earned the preference. Will the Committe refuse our request? Can it afford to turn its back upon us?

OUR Presbyterian friends just now are interested in the proceedings of the General Assemblies, which are in session. That for the U. P. Church commenced in Washington, Iowa, Tuesday afternoon, and will probably continue in session for a week. It represents about six hundred ministers, and a membership of nearly 75,000, who compose over 700 congregations scattered through the country. There are no exciting questions to be settled at this session, and aside from the ordinary routine business, nothing will be done of a general public interest.

The Presbyterian General Assembly convened in annual session yesterday in Detroit, and is composed of about 200 members, ministerial and lay. The only business of special importance to be disposed of is that relating to the consolidation of the different boards of the Church. This assembly is composed of the reunited Old and New School bodies; since the union the Boards of the churches have remained in a measure separate, but it is now proposed to consolidate them and concentrate all at New York. The delegates from the west and those from Pennsylvania will oppose this movement, as it, if successful, would necessitate the vacation of Philadelphia as a headquarters, to which western delegates decidedly object. It will form the subject of an animated discussion, the result of which cannot now be presumed.

Both of these bodies are the law making powers of their respective churches, meeting annually and deciding all matters upon which Synods or Presbyteries have failed to agree.

MIXED SCHOOLS.

The expediency of the co-education of the sexes in our schools and colleges, has long been a matter of discussion among educators, but recent inquiries into the merits of the system, seem to have settled the dispute in favor of the "mixed schools." This investigation was brought about by the Hon. Henry W. Sage, of Brooklyn, who offered to bestow $250,000 upon Cornell University, upon condition that arrangements were made for the admission of women to all the privileges of the institution. The offer induced the University Professors to give the matter immediate and careful attention, and for this purpose, by reports and personal visitation, they collected all the knowledge of the system and its practical workings that could be obtained in those schools, where it has been, for years past, in operation. The normal schools of New York; Oberlin Ohio, Evanston Illinois, State University of Michigan and others furnished ample information on the subject; and the uniform report was that the system was productive of the most beneficial results, in every respect. The order was better, attention to studies closer, morality of a higher grade, and the decorum of the pupils, in school and out, improved. The progress of the students, too, it was found was notably in advance of the same grades in the schools where the monastic system prevailed—for the reason that the emulation between the sexes for excellence induced increased diligence, and greater care in the preparation of the lessons.

Further it was found that, there was more refinement in the intercourse between the pupils. In fact, the schools which adopted the mixed system, became like a well regulated family and the intercourse of the pupils in study and recitation, practically demonstrated that it was a wise system and a vast improvement over the old order of arrangements. Cornell accordingly will throw open its doors to both sexes.

THE OUTLOOK.

In commenting on the meeting of the State Republican Executive Committee held last Wednesday, at the State Capitol, the Harrisburg *Telegraph* takes a very hopeful view of the situation in Pennsylvania. It says: the Union Republican State Central Committee met in the State Capitol to-day, in pursuance of the call of the Chairman. The attendance was large, and the members sanguine in their anticipations of a great triumph in October, and a still greater in November. This may be considered the real opening of the battle. We have had a little skirmishing with the outposts of the enemy since the meeting of the State Convention; but the committee having determined upon an energetic and vigorous campaign, we may expect a general and stubborn engagement along the whole line to commence shortly. As soon as the Democracy shall have selected a General to marshal and command their forces the contest will begin in earnest, and we shall have hot work and enough of it to give us active employment through the months intervening between this and the 10th of October. But the result is not in the least doubtful. A full and united Republican vote will give us a victory such as has not been achieved by the party in this State recently. That we shall be able to command such a vote the members of the committee—coming from all sections of the State, and each member familiar with the political feeling in his district—assure us. On this assurance we rest—confident of victory—but at the same time urge upon our Republican brethren in every county, city, town and township in the State the great importance of thorough organization, unceasing vigilance and constant activity. Without these, numerical preponderance and a good cause are not always certain guarantees of victory. But we have no fear that supineness or drowsiness will prevail in the Republican camp; and firmly believing that everything necessary for success will be done—that the working men of the country will be active as usual—that the sleepy will be awakened and the dull aroused from their stupor, we predict with the greatest confidence the election of the entire Republican ticket by a majority that will be satisfactory to its friends and astounding to its enemies.

WATER SUPPLY.

Now that the Water Commissioners with their Engineers have made reconnoisance of the site for a reservoir so generously tendered the city by Col. Phillips, and found that to adopt it would subject the city to an unnecessary annual expense of $60,000, we think it is alike the manifest imperative duty and policy of all good citizens to discountenance any further interference with the energetic prosecution of the plans already adopted. The Engineer by whose advice these plans were fixed upon has a national reputation for skill, in hydraulic engineering he probably has no superior in the country. The Commissioners are gentlemen whose intelligence and probity have never heretofore been and cannot now be justly questioned. Obstructions have been, we fear, wantonly thrown in their way, men greatly beneath them in the popular estimate have carped at them and their course in the discharge of the great trust confided to them. The public is thoroughly convinced that a large expenditure must be made to provide an adequate supply for all purposes of pure and wholesome water. The cost may exceed the popular expectation, but whatever the cost may be, the water must be provided. We say the business is in the hands of citizens every way trustworthy and there is no duty more imperative on the people than to uphold, sustain and encourage the Commissioners to push forward the work to the earliest practical completion. Even if thus sustained and encouraged, the work may require two years, while the supply at this time is so insufficient, that, we are told a conflagration of four hours continuance and played on by the whole fire department, would exhaust it, and it is further alleged that the dirty water now delivered by our hydrants is from accumulated sediment in the pipes, which cannot be washed out through the plugs, because there is not a sufficient head of water in the basins. It thus appears that we are to continue in fearful peril of a short supply and of filthy water for two years. We repeat, therefore, that those who would retard the work or drive the Commissioners to withdraw from it in disgust, assume a fearful responsibility.

THE BEAVER CONTEST AGAIN.

NEW BRIGHTON, Pa., May 16, 1872.

EDITORS GAZETTE:—I notice an article in your paper this morning signed S., relative to the pending canvass between Messrs. Rutan and Dravo for the nomination for the Senatorship of this district. As he remarks, we view your paper as the true and unwavering exponent of pure Republican doctrine in Western Pennsylvania, and accept your leadership as a journal in full belief, that in the future, as in the past, you will never betray us, but at the same time deeply regret that you have deemed it necessary to give so much prominence to the small handful who are so bitterly opposing Mr. Rutan for re-nomination.

My object is to add what "S" in part conjectures relative to the design of Rutan's opposers.

I attended the meeting last week in this place, where Mr. Dravo fully expressed his views on the political questions now before the people, and his views in detail respecting measures and men now so prominently put forth. In that meeting Mr. Dravo bitterly denounced the nomination of General Hartranft for the Governorship of Pennsylvania, characterizing it as a stench in the nostrils of the party and one that the broad and deep conscience of the Republican party would not submit to. On being questioned as to his reasons for saying that the General was so odious, he qualified his remarks so as to say that it was because he was associated with men notoriously corrupt, and that, in consequence, suspicion rested upon him by reason of this association. His remarks were unqualified until the question was propounded, when he so modified them as to leave all the suspicion without any distinct charge. He further stated that he had been told by several good Republicans that if the Democrats put up a good State ticket, we would be beaten, and the State fall into the hands of the Democracy, and said positively that he would vote against corrupt or odious Republicans, leaving the impression on the minds of his hearers that he would not vote for Gen. Hartranft, as he considered him not as pure, at least, as Cæsar's wife.

In reply to a question on that subject, Mr. Dravo said positively that he had voted for a part of the Democratic ticket in 1869, very county, and would do so in 1872 if he considered it best. This may be all right, but it is hard for our Republicans to see it. Where will he stop? His sympathies being in great part against the Republican party, may it not be that a defeat on the 25th of May will drive him to the Democratic side again? Will Mr. Dravo vote for Rutan if he (Rutan) is nominated for the Senate?

Openly and above board, Mr. Dravo positively stated that he sympathised with the Cincinnati Convention, but did not approve its policy. Just what he means by the policy is not clearly understood. If he meant the nomination of the ticket composed of Greeley and Brown, then it is plain that a suitable ticket, to Mr. Dravo's views, would have secured his support to the Cincinnati movement.

On these three points Mr. Dravo dwelt at great length, and left no doubt in the minds of his auditors as to his position. We regard Mr. Dravo as an honest and capable man—he is so regarded by all who know him, but it is considered as a very unfortunate move on his part to present himself in this canvass against Mr. Rutan, and thus stir up old animosities in the party, that we had fondly hoped were to be forgotten.

You will find, Messrs. Editors, that the supposed opposition to Mr. Rutan is that little band, whose will must be obeyed or confusion results.

This opposition is not now strong enough to defeat Rutan if nominated. In our own borough there is not a recognized, faithful Republican leader but will support Rutan. The rank and file are rallying to his support as a unit.

The meeting held here and addressed by Mr. Dravo was composed of fifty-eight persons all told, among whom were several Democrats, and the balance about equally divided between Rutan and Dravo, the supporters of the latter being about one-half from Beaver Falls and Beaver Borough.

These meetings have been originated and are being kept up by a ring, strongly suspected of being in direct sympathy with the liberal movement, or any other movement that will embarrass the regular Republican party. The Republicans of New Brighton as well as of Beaver County will not submit to be handed over to the tender mercy of their enemies in politics, and hence it is that Rutan is daily gaining strength. It may be a source of comfort to the originators of the late meeting to know that it had the effect of waking up and putting actively to work the lukewarm friends of Rutan, and that Mr. Dravo not only lost votes but the good will of many, who were drawn to his support by his personal popularity with them.

Rutan will carry the county more than 4 to 1—mark that and look at it on the 27th or 28th of this month, and if the Republicans of the district nominate him for their standard bearer, he will carry the district, by a very comfortable majority. And why not? The strong opposition you believe to exist against Mr. Rutan *does not exist*, no more so than when placed in nomination in 1869. Believing him to be capable, viewing his past brilliant record and knowing the temper of our people, I unhesitatingly say that success is ours—and we have rolled up our sleeves for the work which will terminate in confusion to all bolters who depend upon the personal ability of their standard bearer for success. F.

MATTERS OF MOMENT.

THE Washington *Republican* gives this straw: "A prominent Southern Senator is urging the appointment of a colored youth for a position in the Marine corps as second lieutenant, with every prospect of success."

THERE is an universal stir in medical circles in England, from the discussion relative to the medical education of women. A Miss Jex. Blake, who is indorsed by some of the "leading families," has been delivering lectures in the principal cities, and the opponents of woman's admission to the medical colleges, acknowledge the influence which the lectures have had, and it is probable success will soon crown the efforts of the revolutionists.

A VERY pretty story has gone the rounds, that Mrs. Laura Fair, the California free love murderous phenomenon, had made a fortune during her imprisonment, by shrewd manipulations in stocks; as a supplement to the narrative, it is now said that her counsel are pardonably anxious to have some verification of the statement.

FOR the first time in American history, the colored vote this year will be an important element in the election of a President. This vote will be mainly concentrated in eight States, as follows, the table giving the population of the last census:

States.	Whites.	Colored.
Virginia	712,089	513,841
North Carolina	678,470	391,650
South Carolina	284,667	415,814
Georgia	638,926	545,142
Florida	96,057	91,689
Alabama	521,384	475,510
Mississippi	382,896	444,201
Louisiana	362,065	364,310
Totals	3,681,554	3,241,057

THE papers are beginning to speak of Judge Barnard's prospective trial as a "mock trial," and all because, it has been found that two-thirds of the Managers are his personal friends, some of whom have commenced already—before they have even heard the charges in a legal way—to declare him innocent.

MARSHAL BAZAINE is the last of the French Generals who essays in a pamphlet just issued in Paris, to tell "what might have been" if the French army had been properly handled. He thinks the French should have acted on the defensive, instead of the offensive at first, because they were outnumbered. And while delaying their adversary and dulling his prestige by the delay, they could have raised more forces and put the army in a more perfect discipline and then assumed the offensive; success would have followed. How much better it would have been for the French if their Generals who are so wise now, had exhibited a little of their great sagacity before the fight.

THE "SUPER."

The Animated Puppet of the Stage.

[From *All the Year Round.*]

The "super" is useful and ornamental in his way, though it behooves him to stand aloof from the footlights, so that distance may lend his aspect as much enchantment as possible; but he is not highly esteemed by the general public. In truth, he has long been the object of ridicule and caricature. He is charged with stupidity, and is popularly considered as a very absurd sort of creature. But he has resigned his own volition; he has but to obey. He is a puppet whose wires are pulled by others. He is under the rules of a "super-master," who is in his turn governed by the wavings of the promptor's white flag in the wings, the promptor being controlled by the stage manager, who is supposed to be, in the exercise of the dramatist's intentions. The "super's" position upon the stage is strictly defined for him; sometimes even marked on the boards with chalk. He may not move until the word of command is given him, and then every change of station or attitude must be pursuant to previous instruction; and his duties are sometimes arduous. He may often be required to change his attire and assume a new personality in the course of one night's performance. A member of a band of brigands in one scene, he may in another be enrolled in a troop of soldiers, sent to combat with and capture those malefactors. In the same play he may wear now the robes of a nobleman, and now the rags of a mendicant. A demon possessed of supernatural powers at the opening of a pantomime, he is certain before its close to be found among those good-natured people who saunter across the stage for the sole purpose, as it would seem, of being assaulted and battered by the clown and pantaloon. It is not surprising altogether that a certain apathy gradually steals over him, and that such intelligence as he ever possessed becomes in time somewhat numbed by the peculiar nature of his profession. Moreover, in regard to the play in which he takes part he is generally but dimly informed. Its plot and purpose are a mystery to him. He never sees it represented or rehearsed as an entirety. His own simple duties accomplished, he is hurried to the rear of the stage to be out of the way of the actors. Why he bends his knee to one performer and loads another with flowers; why there is banning in this scene and blessings in that; why the heroine in white adores the gallant in blue and abominates her suitor in red, are to him inexplicable matters. The dramas in which he figures only impress his mind in relation to the dress he is constrained to assume during their representation, the dresses being never of his own choosing, rarely fitting him, and their significance being always outside his comprehension. To him the tragedy of "King John" is but the occasion on which he and his fellows "wore them in pots on their heads;" Julius Cæsar," the play in which "we went on in sheets." "What are we supposed to be?" a curious "super" once inquired of a more experienced comrade. "Blessed if I know," was the answer. "Demons, I expect." They were clothing themselves in chain-mail, and were "supposed to be."—Crusaders.

It is a matter of some surprise that much of the most beautiful music written for the piano is not often produced in the concert-room, and "because," it is said "the great composers are not popular." The sonatas of Beethoven are an example of the truth of this remark, for we rarely ever hear them played in public, and their absence is excused for the reason stated above. The real cause is more likely to be found in the other fact, that those higher inspirations of the composers are within the grasp only of great artists, and that the public losses in all ways, and do not often find the opportunity of hearing the best interpretations of the best masters. If we had less of Wehli and Gottschalk, and more of Chopin and Beethoven, there would be a higher standard among us.

ANTIOCH will doubtless be rebuilt; but it is strange that people should ever be found to live in that beautiful but fatal spot. The slopes of Vesuvius and Etna are not more dangerous than the valley of the Orontes—now called the Asszy —and the soft green hills are full of fire. Yet there the old founders laid the first stones of the Queen of the East; and there is, or was modern Antakis. The inhabitants will extricate their dead from the present ruins, patch up their broken houses, and continue to live there forgetful of the fires beneath.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,

No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

Board of Managers—George A. Berry, President; John Scott, James Park, Jr., Vice Presidents; D. E. McKinley, Secretary and Treasurer.

A. Bradley, J. L. Graham, A. S. Bell, Wm. E. Nimick, John S. Dilworth, F. Rahm, G. Follansbee, Joshua Rhodes, S. H. Hartman, Robt. C. Schmertz, Christopher Zug.

John H. Bailey, Solicitor.

(For the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

THE OLD MILL.

BY JOHN E. HOLMES.

I have a gallery in my thoughtful mind
Of rural pictures of the rural kind,
I'm pleased to take them, now and then, from there
And dust them off, until they look quite fair.

One, is a picture of an old grey mill,
Whose wheel will never, in my mind, be still.
That turns and splashes, throwing out the spray
With plentiful music, for a sunshiny day.

The mill was built some twenty years ago,
For Sir, the miller, is not new, I know;—
He was a miller, of most perfect mien,
Well-fed, well-mannered, and well-known, one ween.

The moss has made some pretty little thrones
Upon the angles of the jutting stones;
Beside the mill race, stands a willow tree,
With, form as noble as you'd wish to see.

Beneath its shade there is a rustic seat,
Where cool as a cucumber with their odors sweet,
The miller built it, It was there he set
When overcome by his great heat and fat.

One day, I met him, and he said to me,
I am no longer glad, as you distinctly see,
But West I'll go, and try whatgif can do
In getting land, and getting money, too."

He sold his mill, struck boldly for the West
Looking quite pompous in his Sunday best.
But—ours the sad refrain, for the day he started,
There never came a letter or a word!

So 'round that mill a story seems to hang
Holding within it a romantic twang;—
I have it hung up in my thoughtful mind,
An unframed picture of the rural kind.

Sickness of Forty Years' Duration Cured.

The cure related below is one of a very remarkable kind, on account of its long duration, and is well worthy of the attention of all those who may be afflicted with chronic disease of any kind, showing clearly that all such cases can be cured. It is that of Jacob Wagner, a respectable farmer, aged 63 years, of New Sewickley township, who has been in gradually failing health for a period of about forty years. The disease manifested itself by a continued cough and a wasting state of health, which, about the beginning of last October, culminated in an attack which showed that the lungs were becoming seriously affected. Mr. Wagner, in this state of his case, applied to Dr. Keyser, of this city, who, by a system of medicine of a restorative kind, has completely cured him and restored him to a state of health to which he has been a stranger for many long and weary years. His cure is thorough and complete, and evinces an amount of skill and perseverance in the treatment of such cases, by Dr. Keyser, which is rarely if ever attained in a life time. The cure was chiefly effected by Dr. Keyser's Lung Cure, and is another of the many instances of the wonderful restorative power of that medicine, in the cure of every disease of long standing, especially those in which the pulmonary organs and the blood are deteriorated.

Dr. Keyser's office is at 167 Liberty street, in the rear of his Drug store, from 10 A. M. until 1 P. M., and from 2 until 6 P. M., and on Saturday's at night.

A treatise on Lung Diseases sent wherever it is wanted.

HOW NOT TO DIE.

Thousands fall a prey to disease not because the maladies that affect them are necessarily fatal, but because they lack the requisite amount of active vitality to make a valiant resistance to the enemy. It is a wise precaution to keep the body always in a state of defence—always prepared to "fend off" the germs of epidemic and other disorders, and to baffle the evil influence of damp, miasma and sudden thermometrical changes. There is no difficulty in doing this. It is a fact as well authenticated as that two and two make four, that Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is specially adapted to this purpose and for the simple reason that its invigorating and regulating properties are superior to those of any other medicine in the world. During the twenty years that it has been in general use, ample opportunities have been afforded to compare its medicinal properties with those of other preparations claiming to be of a similar class, and the result has been its adoption by the American people as the standard tonic of the age, its introduction into every civilized portion of the western hemisphere, and an annual sale which dwarfs into insignificance the demand for all its would-be competitors.

The record upon which its popularity rests is a curiously to medical literature, for it includes an almost unlimited variety of human ailments and disabilities. In fact, no other remedy possesses such a variety of hygienic virtues, and it is to these characteristics that it owes its prestige as a household medicine.

RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

LAVIELL'S LAVIELL'S LAVIELL'S
LAVIELL'S LAVIELL'S LAVIELL'S
LAVIELL'S LAVIELL'S
RHEUMATISM AND GOUT REMEDY,

The first and best preparation known.

Sold only in Pittsburgh, at
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner of Penn and Sixth streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Faber & Van Doren,

367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS.
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.

Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.

Orders Solicited.

TO THE LADIES.

Spring and Summer Suits

On hand and arriving daily, the largest and finest assortment of Suits for Ladies', Misses' and Children ever offered in the city.

We shall open on Monday, 13th, a new line of Swiss Party Dresses, Polonaises and Overskirts, and some new Dolly Varden Polonaises, Morning Wrappers and elegant Braided Suits.

These garments are made of the popular shades of Suit Linen, Cretonnes, Striped Cambries, Seersuckers and French Lawns and made in the latest approved styles.

We solicit a visit to our extensive rear salesroom, where over one hundred different varieties of Suits are on exhibition at prices that cannot fail to please.

F. H. EATON,

17 Fifth Avenue.
my15:6

REINHOLD SIEDLE,

JEWELER,

(SUCCESSOR TO MEYRAN & SIEDLE.)
DEALER IN
Diamonds,
Fine Watches,
Jewelry,
Silver and Plated Ware,
French Clocks, and
English Cutlery.

No. 42 FIFTH AVENUE.
my22

DREKA,

Importer and Retail Dealer in

Fine Stationery,
Wedding, Visiting,
Party and Business
Card Engraving.
Monograms, Arms,
Illuminating, &c.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Send for samples.

1033 CHESTNUT STREET,
Philadelphia

C. C. BOYLE.....JAS. RICHEY, JR.

C. C. BOYLE & Co.,

Lumber Dealers,
Allegheny City, near Suspension Bridge
Shaved and Sawed Shingles, Patent Siding Flooring, and all Kinds of Dry Lumber now on hand.
jc28-s42-TF

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GREAT BARGAINS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.

GREAT BARGAINS IN

BLACK HERNANI,
ALL GRADES.
AT 37½ CENTS.

Japanese Silks.
AT 50 CENTS,

Japanese Silks.
AT 62½ CENTS,

Japanese Silks.
AT 15 CENTS.

Japanese Cloths.
AT 18½ CENTS.

Japanese Cloths.
AT 25 CENTS.

Japanese Cloths.

An attractive stock of all kinds of Plain and Fancy

DRESS GOODS,
AT THE LOWEST PRICES, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S.
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

AT

HORNE & CO.'S,

RETAIL

Gentlemen's Goods
FOR
SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

Gossamer, Gauze and Lisle Thread Shirts long and short sleeves.
Fine Angola Flannel Shirts and Drawers.
Anglo-India Cashmere Shirts and Drawers.
Silk Shirts and Drawers—all grades.
Linen and Jean Drawers.
The Star Shirt, open back and front.
Fancy Percale, Cheviot and Dover Cloth Shirts.
An elegant assortment of Neck Wear.
New Spring and Summer Styles just out.

Plain, Hem and Hemstitched
HANDKERCHIEFS.
HALF HOSE.

Real and Imitation Balbriggan, Fancy and Plain Lisle and British at bargain prices.
Latest styles Linen Collars and Cuffs.
Dent and Alexandre Kids, Lisle and Silk Driving and Promenade Gloves.
Umbrellas, Suspenders, R. R. Bags, &c.

ALL AT

Very Lowest Prices.

Open on Saturday Evening till 8 o'clock.

197 and 199 Penn Avenue,

NEW SPRING GOODS.

We take great pleasure in informing the ladies of Pittsburgh and vicinity, that we have just opened a very large and well selected stock of Spring Goods. These Goods were selected with great care, and are of the very latest style. Our stock of

BLACK SILKS

Japanese Silks,

ALPACAS,

DOLLY VARDENS
IN CHOICE STYLES.

MOHAIRS
AT OLD PRICES.

Shawls and Scarfs,

LINENS, TOWELS,

Prints, Cassimeres,

And in fact a Complete Assortment of Housekeeping Goods and Dress Goods, new and fresh, are large and cannot fail to please the most fastidious.

MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,

Cor. of Market St. and Fourth Ave.

Remember, we have removed from 21 Fifth avenue to the large Dry Goods House, corner of Fourth avenue and Market street, where we will be pleased to see our friends.

C. Arbuthnot. W. T. Shannon. J. G. Stephenson.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.

WHOLESALE
DRY GOODS
AND
NOTIONS,
OFFER
Best Stock in the City
AT
LOWEST EASTERN PRICES,
AT THEIR
NEW STORE,
Nos. 239 and 241 Liberty Street,
OPPOSITE WOOD STREET.

Buyers are Invited to Call.
ap15:p44

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. SEMPLE

Is Offering Special Bargains in

White Goods.

P. K.'s,
Nainsooks,
Jaconets,
Swisses,
Linens,
Chambrays,
Lawns,
Chintzes.

SUITS! SUITS!

White Suits,
Buff Suits,
Striped Suits,
Linen Suits.

Childrens' Suits!

White Skirts,
White Aprons,
Laces and Embroideries,

AT ATTRACTIVE PRICES,
AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

HERNANIS,

LADIES' SUITS,

HERNANIS,

LADIES' SUITS,

HERNANIS,

LADIES' SUITS,

HERNANIS,

LADIES' SUITS,

Mammoth Stock

OF
BOTH THESE.

Unheard Of Prices,

AT

A. W. ERWIN & CO.,

172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.
my11-d&W

STEAM HEATING.

CRAIG BROTHERS,

129 Second Avenue, Pittsburgh,

Are prepared to contract for heating with their unrivalled apparatus, public or private buildings by indirect or direct radiation.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

Gold's Pat. Cast Iron Radiator.

Would refer to the following buildings heated by us:

Pittsburgh Opera House.
Library Hall Buildings.
Semple's Dry Good House.
Alleghony County Court House.
Second Ward School Building.

With Numerous Private Buildings.

PITTSBURGH White Lead and Color Works,

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PROPRIETORS.

Manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, Blue Lead, Zincs, Litharge, Putty, and all colors, dry and in oil.

OFFICE AND FACTORY—450, 452, 454, 456, and 458 REBECCA STREET.

We call the attention to the guarantee posted on our strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a purer "Carbonate of Lead" we mean "Chemically Pure"—that is, free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior both in color and covering property. Guaranteed to contain 92 per cent. Carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and forfeit the price of the package if containing the least adulteration.
ja22-j66

Reedy's Patents.

Hand, Steam and Hydraulic
Hoisting Machines!
Manufactured by
H. J. REE

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

78 Fourth Avenue,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders executed for the purchase and sale of Stocks at the New York Stock Board.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Ira B. McVay & Co.,

BANKERS.

LOCAL SECURITIES

A SPECIALTY.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE DRAWN ON

JAY COOKE, McCULLOUGH & CO.,

LONDON,

Letters of Credit for Travelers issued, available throughout Europe.

Passports obtained.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Geo. B. Hill & Co.,

BROKERS AND DEALERS IN

BONDS, STOCKS AND MORTGAGES.

Orders promptly executed for the purchase and sale of all Reliable Securities.

Collections made.

Cor. Third Avenue and Wood Street,

and PITTSBURGH, PA.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,

On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 16, 1872.

The financial outlook presents no noticeable change. Money is still tighter than is comfortable, but our business men continue to glide along without much annoyance either to themselves or their bankers, having made their minds up to take matters as they come. The indications, as was remarked in our last, gives promise of an abundance of money. The advance in produce, caused by the rise in gold, which to-day reaches 114¼, and the present dry weather, is causing large quantities of grain to go forward to Boston, Baltimore, New York and other outports for exportation, and the money for which will flow south and westward, and, in turn, enable the Southern and Western merchants to pay off their indebtedness for the large amounts of coal, manufacturing implements and merchandise they have been drawing from this city.

In the local market we can hear of no transactions in stocks. We notice stocks in Philadelphia, of Allegheny Valley Railroad 7-30s, at 76.

The Philadelphia *North American* quotes Money was in fair demand to-day at about former rates. Call loans rule at 6@6½ ₱ cent. First-class mercantile paper ranges from 7@9 ₱ cent. ₱annum.

The Boston *Post*, of Wednesday, says: The strongest borrowers utter no complaint in regard to the money market. Parties whose paper is not well known, and being unable to pay such high rates of discount—this is often the case. We quote Call Loan 7 per cent. Discounts of prime paper, 7@8 per cent.

The St. Louis *Democrat*, of the 15th, quotes: The local money market does not reveal anynew or interesting phase. Idle funds continue piling up, and the banks are anxious to place it where it may be earning something. There was a fair amount of paper offered by the dry goods, grocery and iron interests yesterday, but not sufficient to absorb the stock of idle money.

General trade is somewhat sluggish to-day, and orders are not coming so freely as they were a few days ago. In provisions there is considerable activity, and pork has an advancing tendency, notwithstanding the large increase in the number packed this year over last. The total number of hogs packed in the west during the past season was 4,784,413, an increase of 1,150,000 over the previous year. The cost of hogs was $55,800,000.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., Brokers, cor. Wood Street and Third Avenue, furnishes the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by Telegraph.

	Wednesday.	Thursday.
5-20s—1881	116¾	116¾
5-20— 1862	114¾	114¾
" 1864	113½	113½
" 1865	114¼	114¼
" 1865 new	115½	115½
" 1867	116¼	116¼
" 1868	116½	116½
10-40s	110¼	110½
Currency 6's	116½	116½
Gold	114¼	114¼
Canada 6's		
New York Central	97¾	97¾
Do Scrip		92
Erie	68¾	68¾
Harlem	124½	125
Penn Wayne	96½	96½
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	92	93¼
Rock Island	111¾	111
Wabash	75½	75½
Union Pacific	38¾	38¾
Ohio & Mississippi	47¾	47¾
Pacific Mail	83¾	83¾
West. Union Telegraph	75¾	75¾
Adams Express	98¾	98¾
American Express	75½	75½
U. S. Express	78¼	77
Wells, Fargo	87¾	87
Penna. Central	58	58
Penna. Allotments	57¾	57¾
Reading R. R.	92¾	93¼
Camden & Amboy	126½	127
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R	41	40¾
Central Transportation	48	48
Empire Transportation	55	55
Union Transportation	89	89
Pittsburgh City 8's	—	75
Pittsburgh City 6's		95
Allegheny City 6's	90	94
Allegheny City 7's	78	78
A. V. R. R. 7-30's	95¼	96
Lehigh Valley R. R	59¾	95

NEW YORK, May 16, 1872.

Gold firmer and more active; opened at 114 and sold down to 113⅞, but after the Government award it advanced to 114¼, and closed steady at 114⅛@114¼. Loans were from 3 to 7 per cent. for carrying. Clearings, $52,000,000. Bids for Government gold amounted to $3,000,000, at from 113 to 114.20. Awards of $2,000,000 at 114.20. Exports for to-day, $675,000. Governments strong and higher, closing in regular and lower. Pacific Mail again been the centre of attraction, opening at 86, but declined rapidly to 79¾ and rallied as quickly to 83¾, closing at 82¾; from 2 to 4 per cent. was paid for use till Tuesday, when the the book will close. The reason assigned in the Stock Exchange for this break was a rumor that outside opposition to the present management had withdrawn from the contest for the next election. The decline in the balance of the list was ½ to ¾ per cent., chiefly in Ohio, Rock Island, Northwestern common, C. C. and I. C., Erie and Lake Shore. Notwithstanding the general dullness of the market, the friends of Pittsburg and Fort Wayne still confident, and predict much higher prices, predicated on arrangements said to be made for the joint use of the road by the Pennsylvania Central, Baltimore & Ohio, and Erie, and eventually connecting with the Chesapeake & Ohio. The market closed dull, with a reaction from lowest figures. Money firm at 6@7. State bonds dull. From the 1st of June till the 1st of October the Stock Exchange will close at 4 P. M., and Saturdays at 3 P. M.

GOVERNMENTS.—Coupons '81, 113⅝; 5-20s '62, 113⅝; '64, 113⅝; '65, 114; new '65, 115⅜; '67, 115⅝; '68, 116⅜; currency, 68, 116¼; new 5s 112.

STATE BONDS.—Mississippi, 90; Tennessee, old, 71¾; do new, 71¾; Virginia new, 82; do old, 45; North Carolina old, 31; do new 20.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 75¾; Quicksilver, 40; Adams Express, 98½; Wells-Fargo do, 87; American Merchants Union do, 75¾; United States do, 79; Pacific Mail, 82; New York Central, 97¾; Erie, 68¾; do preferred, 80¾; Harlem, 125; do preferred, 130; Michigan Central, 116; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 90¾; Northwestern, 75; do preferred, 93¾; Rock Island, 110¾; New Jersey Central, 109; St. Paul, 59¾; do preferred 79; Wabash, 75; do preferred, 86; Fort Wayne, 96½; Terre Haute, 23; do preferred, 50; Chicago & Alton, 115; do preferred, 116; Ohio & Mississippi, 47¾; C., C. & I., 91½; Burlington & Quincy, 132; Lake Shore, 94¾; Panama, 36¾; Illinois Central, 135; Union Pacific, 38½; Central Pacific bonds, 102¾; Union, 93¾; Delaware & Lackawanna, 107¾; Hartford & Erie, 11¾.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, May 16.—Flour unchanged. Wheat: No 1 red winter quiet and steady at $2.03; No 2 irregular and asking $1.90@1.98. Corn firm at 50c. Oats steady; No 1 55c. Refined petroleum firm at 20@20½c in car lots; 21@22c to trade.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, THURSDAY, May 16, 1872.

Trade in petroleum was again very quiet today; however, the general tone of the market is firmer, and prices are well sustained. Refined—there were some sales for June, first and last half, at 25½; May unchanged at 28¾. As will be seen, Junc'is an eighth better, as compared with yesterday, but there was apparently no inquiry for any other month. Crude—Sales at Parker at 8¼; there was seemingly more disposition to sell, and the market was regarded weaker, though there was no change whatever in prices.

Oil barrels firmer and higher, owing in part to the production being curtailed by a strike among the coopers, and then again the low water has cut down materially the arrivals from below. We now quote city make at $1.85; country barrels at about ten cents less.

The proceedings of the Convention of refiners at Titusville to-day, will probably be found in our telegraphic columns.

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA A. V. R. R. May 15, 1872.

Livingston Bro., 50 bbls to Warden, Frew Co., Phila.

Standard Oil Co., 203 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 606 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Phila.

Citizens Oil Co., 286 bbls to Tack, Bro., & Co., Phila.

L. Irwin & Co., 151 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

Vesta O W., 250 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Phi.

John Spear & Co., 168 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

Total 1689

OIL SHIPPED EAST PER WEST PENN R. R.

Kirkpatrick & L., 600 bbls to Logan Bros & Co., Phila.

A. D Miller, 198 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Phila.

Elkins B & Co., 50 bbls to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Ralston & W., 158 bbls to Waring King & Co., Phila.

Total 1106

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Model O W, acct. J Bushnell 746
Cosmos O W, acct. B. S Duncan 1084
Brilliant O W, acct. Lockhart, F & Co 570
Cosmos O W, acct Hollingsworth & Co 154
" acct. Fisher Bros. 960
American O W, acct. B S Duncan 588
Vesta O W, acct. H M McKelvy 468
" acct Fisher Bros. 456
Cosmos O W, acct. H McKelvy 468
Standard O W, account J Bushnell 240
Total 5012

Iron Market.

NEW YORK.—The *Shipping List*, of Wednesday, says: The market for Scotch Pig is a little lower, consequent upon heavy arrivals, but prices are pretty firm at the reduction, on account of advices per cable showing an advance of 4s. on Scotch and 3s. for warrants. We note sales of 200 tons Glengarnock at $50; 1,500 do. here, terms not named, and to arrive at Philadelphia (a new arrival), 2,500 do., principally Glengarnock, and 100 do Eglinton, all on private terms. We quote Gartsherrie about $52@53. The market for American Pig is firm, but the demand is light; we quote No 1 $48@50. No. 2 $47@51, and Grey Forge $45@50, with sales of 1,000 tons X and 2 X and Grey Forge on private terms. Scrap is scarce and large quantities cannot be had—parties only buying to fill orders. The only sale we heard of is 250 tons Wrought, on terms not made public. Old Rails continue firm—we quote T and Double-Headed $ @52, with sales of about 1200 tons on private terms. Bar, &c., from store, continues steady and firm at our last figures, with a fair demand.

PHILADELPHIA, May 13.—(From circular of Edward Samuel). All grades of American and Scotch Pig Iron have been excessively quiet for the past week, and the quotations are purely nominal, as sales are reported at quite different figures. Old Rails are dull. Scrap is in fair demand.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Markets.

LONDON, May 16.—5 P. M.—Consols: money 93; account 93⅛; 5-20s of '62, 90; '65, 91; '67, 93; 10-40s 89⅝. The bullion in the Bank of England has decreased £91,000.

FRANKFORT, May 16.—5-20s of '62, 95¾.

PARIS, May 16.—Rentes 54f 85.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, May 16.—Beeves to-day 1,900, making 2,200 since Monday, against 3,500 for the same time last week; market fair, with no change, at from 11c to 12c for fair to prime stock, very many sales being at 12c; stillers plenty; 14 cars Indiana, 75 owt, selling at 11¾c, and 10 cars Illinois, 68 owt, fat at 12½c, 30 lbs per cwt; 5 cars corn-fed, 68 cwt, 12c. At the close rather strong. Veals 200 head advanced; No. 2 3934c: rejected 36c. Rye dull and a shade lower; No. 2 79@80c. Barley dull; No. 2 fall 57@58c. Whisky opened firm but closed easier; 85¼c. Mess pork dull, but unchanged; $18,00@13,12½, seller June. Lard quiet. Bulk meats unchanged. Bacon unchanged. Cattle dull; heavy receipts depress the market. Hogs active and advanced 10c.; $4.90@4.30.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 16.—Tobacco firm and unchanged; sales of 142 hogsheads. Bagging steady and heavy; hemp and flax held at 17c. Cotton firm and higher; middling 22¾c. Flour firm; extra family $7,50. Wheat: receipts very light and not enough doing to establish quotations. Corn very firm; sales of shelled at 65c. Oats steady at 48c. Rye firm at $1.05. Barley steady. Mess pork quiet: $12,75; cash $13,75. Bacon: shoulders 5½c; sides: clear rib 7¾c. Lard quiet at 9c in tierces; 10c in kegs. Whisky very firm at 86c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 16.—Cotton steady; middling 22¼c. Flour dull; family $6,00@6,30. Wheat dull and drooping; No. 1 red amber $2,05@2,07. Corn quiet; closing at 53@54c. Rye firmer; No. 1 $1,08. Oats steady at 43@46c. Oil unchanged. Butter dull at 26@27c. Meats firm and unchanged; regular $13,00; city packed held at $14,50. Lard quiet at 8¼@8⅝@9c. Bulk meats firm at 4½@6½@6¾c. Bacon firm at 8¼@7¼@7½c. Hogs dull and drooping at $4,20; receipts 4,500. Whisky: an advance asked, but none established; sales at 85c; asked 86c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, May 15.—Flour firm; superfine $6,00@6,75; extra $7,50@7,75. Wheat steady; red $1,56@1,60. Corn steady; yellow 75c; mixed Western 74c. Oats 54½@57c. Barley and malt unchanged. Provisions quiet. Crude petroleum 17½c; refined 23½c. Whisky 90@91c.

Sterling exchange 109⅝.

Toledo

TOLEDO, May 16.—Flour dull. Wheat opened lower but closed firm; amber Michigan $1,92 @1,93; No 1 red $1,95; No 2 $1,90. Corn firm; high mixed 54c; low mixed 52c; yellow 54c; no grade 53c. Oats dull; No 2 45c; Michigan 46c. Clover seed $5,30.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, May 16.—Flour quiet and weak; XX spring $6,87@8,00. Wheat quiet and weak; No. 1 $1,53; No. 2, $1,48½. Oats firm; No. 2 38½c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 47c. Rye dull. Barley dull; No. 2 fall 70c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 16.—Corn scarce and higher; mixed 76c; white 76c. Molasses scarce and in good demand; thin plantation 48c; common fermenting 35c. Whisky firmer; 82½@86c. Cotton quiet, sales of 4,000 bales, mostly last evening; good ordinary 21c; low middlings 22½c; middlings 23c; receipts 1,066; exports to Havre 2,363; stock 67,239.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

WEST PENNA, May 16.—2 bbls eggs, H Carson; 70 bbls whisky, J Kleer; 15 sks potatoes, A C Daizle; 1 bbl eggs, J Nattings; 5 pkgs do, 4 do butter, H Fleming & Co; 22 sks rags, McCullough S & Co; 8 pkgs butter, 4 do eggs, J Keiling; 11 bgs potatoes, J S Clark & Co; 68 bgs potatoes, 2 bbls dried apples, Watt Lang & Co; 20 bgs potatoes, J Hasel; 15 do do, Law & Mc Do; 15 rolls leather, Laughrey & Frew; 30 bgs feed, J Honuck.

ALLEGHENY STATION, May 16.—4 cars staves, H Cordier; 2 do do, J M Hemphill; 2 cars hay, Holmes & Hunter; 1 do do, Spear & Glenn; 1 car 7 brls K, Jos Crulg; 30 bbls apples, F Owens; 5 do oil, W H Brill; 15 nlds, Lippe & Weiler; 1 car hay, R Knox & Son; 1 do staves, P Rupert; 3 bdls wheels, McCullum C & Co; 104 sks f seed, M B Sudtam; 30 pcs pipe, J W Barr; 100 bbls flour, 77 sks oats, Adams & Knox; 1 car oats, Hack & S; 1 car lumber, Mackey P & Co; 2 do do, Mullen S & Co; 35 bales cotton, Holmes B & Co; 2 hhds tobacco, E Gleason; 6 bales cotton, Hyde & Son; 2 pkgs tobacco, J H Elton; 11 do do, H Landis; 1 car flour, I Hippley; 1 car corn, R Knox & Son.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY, May 16.—1 car lumber, G A Mundorff; 1 do do, South Pittsburgh P M; 1 car lime, S D Hill; 1 do do, W W Rigdon; 1 do do, H Adams, 5 bbls wood in shape, Freeman & Berger; 89 hf kegs fish, Howorth & D; 141 bbls paper, Pittsburgh Paper Mfg Co; 23 bdls bows, 32 do poles, Thos Hare & Co; 56 bales hay, 25 bxs cheese, Head, Carson & Co; 25 do do, J B Canfield; 10 do do, W D Cooper & Co; 25 pcs pipe, I Beckert; 9 sks potatoes, 7 crocks butter, 5 bbls pork, Voigt, M & Co; 5 kgs lard, Potter & Sarrick; 26 sks potatoes, 1 bbl beans, J O'Brien; 156 sks e corn, Wm Welch & Co; 146 sks oats, J Rose; 214 do s corn, 22 bbls 2 nlgbles, 8 sks potatoes, Mc Millen, M & Co; 2 bbls eggs, 7 do potatoes, H Ren; 21 sks corn, T Brady.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY, May 16.—1 car wheat, Alex Moore; 5 iron safes, Hall Safe & Lock Co; 25 sewing machines, Wm Sumner & Co; 200 bushels corn, Hitchcock McC & Co; 2 cars corn, Kell & Richart; 2 bbls d apples, 5 bxs bacon, Voigt M & Co; 1200 bills paper, McElroy & C; 2 bbls eggs, Lotz & Cooley; 5 sks d fruit, Allen R & Co; 2 do potatoes, Jas O'Brien; 2 bbls eggs, J A Graff & Co; 13 sks scraps, Wm Flaceus; 8 bbls eggs, H J McCracken & Bro; 3 do do, H Riddle Son & Co; 2 do do, Scott & Gissi; 1 car wheat, Marshall K & Co; 25 tes hams, Watt Lang & Co; 100 sks corn, J & W Fairley; 105 bxs starch, T C Jenkins.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly, with 2 feet 11 inches in channel. Weather continues warm and dry, and, in addition to navigation being virtually suspended, vegetation is suffering badly for the want of rain.

There have been no arrivals or departures for below since the date of our last report. The Exchange and Mollie Ebert, from St. Louis, are over due.

The West Virginia will depart for Brownsville this morning, and to-morrow at 3 P. M. she will leave for Geneva. She makes two trips per week to Geneva and one to Brownsville.

The Brill, Capt. M. A. Cox, is announced to depart for Nashville on the first water.

—The new towboat Barnard made a satisfactory trial at Wheeling Saturday.

—A large lumber raft hit the Keokuk bridge last Friday, in a storm, and was badly broken up.

—Pilots report a dangerous log in the channel of the lower chute at Guyan, and running either side.

—The Coal Hill grounded her tow of salt and coal at Shawneetown, and lighters for Cairo are assisting.

—The Upper Mississippi steamers Phil. Sheridan bursted her larboard cylinder near Clayton, and had to be towed to Dubuque by the raftshover Kate Keen. New cylinders heads are being cast for her at Dubuque.

—The Cincinnati *Gazette*, of Wednesday, says: The Storm came down with a tow of flats loaded with coal from Pittsburgh. She will assist the Lioness to Pittsburgh with her tow of empty barges. The latter is from New Orleans.

—The bill of Hon. M. C. Kerr, recently intr o duced into Congress, and which, we believe, passed that body and is now a law, was framed specially with reference to the building of the proposed Sand Island Bridge at Louisville.

—The Supervising Inspector has reversed the decision of the Local Inspector at Louisville, in the case of J. W. Garrett and Falls City Coal Co., and an order to remove the licenses of Pilot Alexander Boss and Captain Nelson Davis have been restored.

—The bark George Peabody, from Cardiff, Wales, has arrived in New Orleans with a load of railroad iron for the Little Rock, Pine Bluff and New Orleans Railroad. When this lot is delivered at Chicot City, forty-two miles of iron will have been delivered since the first of March.

—Capt. Thomas J. Holmes, formerly commander of the gorgeous Princess, has carefully examined the steamer Rattle at New Orleans. There is an expectation in boating circles at New Orleans that Capt. Holmes will be purchaser for the New Orleans and Vicksburg trade.

—While the Shamrock was trying to land at New Albany Sunday night the R. W. Skillinger ran into her just aft of Hollows, forcing her jib her fantail and cutting through her guard to the hull. A lot of carboys on the guard were broken and caught fire, and some other freight was knocked overboard. It is said the Shamrock whistled for the proper side, but the Skillinger did not reply.

—A Memphis dispatch, under date of Tuesday, to the Cincinnati *Commercial* says: The Grand Lake, with 11 boats, and the rear guard of the black diamond fleet, passed down this morning. The John A. Wood, Simpson Horner and J. B. Bigley all passed down yesterday. The four boats had an aggregate of 1,200,000 bushels. The towboat, Big Joe, with for Vicksburg, passed down last evening and left four ice barges here. The towboat Hero passed up.

—The New Orleans *Picayune*, of Sunday, says: The City of Cairo, for St. Louis, had a fair passenger trip and 700 tons of freight, including 2,500 bars of railroad iron and 150 tons of miscellaneous freight. The Carrie V. Kountz, from St. Louis for St. Louis, had 1,100 bales sugar, 1,500 sacks salt, and 75 tons miscellaneous freight. The Great Republic, for St. Louis, had 1,100 of freight, including 2,000 bars of railroad iron, 600 sacks of salt, and 250 tons of miscellaneous freight.

—Only six steamers have been started from St. Louis for the head of Missouri River navigation during the present season, and their entire cargoes aggregate less than 10,000 tons. Sioux City, Iowa, has superseded St. Louis as a shipping point for the mountain steamers, the government have their headquarters there, and boats run during the navigable season between that place and Bozeman. The following is a list of vessels that started from St. Louis this spring: Steamers Mary McDonald, Fontenelle, Esperanza, E. H. Durfee, Western, Katie P. Kountz.

RIVER PACKETS.

EVANSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.

FOR EVANSVILLE AND NASHVILLE.—The fine steamer BRILL, Commander. Will leave as announced THIS DAY, May 16th. For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

CINCINNATI.

FOR CINCINNATI.—THE elegant commodious steamer CAPT. J. M. HALL, Will leave as above on TUESDAY, May 21, at 12 M. For freight or passage apply on board or to FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents. P. S.—The Jamata will receipt passengers and freight through to St. Louis.

C. L. BRENNAN.

MONONGAHELA RIVER.

FOR ALL POINTS ON THE MONONGAHELA RIVER.—The new and light Draught Passenger steamer WEST VIRGINIA, Commander, PETER DONALDSON, Commander, Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 3 P. M., for Morgantown and intermediate ports. Returning, leaves Morgantown for Pittsburgh EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY.

For further particulars inquire of S. B. PATTERSON, Agent.

PROFESSIONAL.

JAMES BREDIN, (Late of Butler, Pa.) ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, No. 91 GRANT STREET, Opposite Court House, PITTSBURGH, PA.

H. B. SWOOPE, Attorney-at-Law, And United States District Attorney, will attend to professional business entrusted to him, both in Federal and State Courts.

Office in CUSTOM HOUSE, Second Story

SAMUEL ANDERSON, ALDERMAN, Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate, Office, 49 SIXTH STREET, 2d floor, feb9-kb5 PITTSBURGH.

SAMUEL McMASTERS, Alderman, Ex-Officio Justice of the Peace and Police Magistrate, Office, No. 109 GRANT STREET, Opposite St. Paul's Cathedral.

LEATHER.

LEATHER AND FINDINGS

JUST RECEIVED BY

GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.

128 SECOND AVENUE.

1,000 Sides Buenos Ayres Sole;
Spring field Oak sole;
100 doz. French Calf in all of the most approved brands.
with a full assortment of Saddlers and Shoemaker's stocks, wholesale and retail. oct2

BUSINESS CHANGES.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERsigned, having purchased the interest of Hays & Stewart, have associated themselves with them, and JAMES CALLERY & CO., who will continue to carry on the TANNING AND CURRYING and LEATHER BUSINESS in all its branches, at the Tannery, situated in the Eighth ward, Allegheny City. Also, at the Store, 102 Liberty street, near Ferry street.

JAMES CALLERY & CO.

In retiring from the Tanning and Leather business, we would respectfully solicit a continuance of the liberal patronage, heretofore extended, to our successors, JAMES CALLERY & CO., who always have a full assortment of Leather on hand.

HAYS & STEWART.

PITTSBURGH, April 1, 1871. 3125-p88

SPECIAL NOTICES.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their HEAD OFFICE,

1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY, being a synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 907 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, stamps. Address DRS. JORDAN & DAVIESON, 1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia, Pa.

All letters will receive immediate attention. Address DRS. JORDAN & DAVIESON, 1625 FILBERT STREET, Philadelphia. mh29-y080

DR. A. SLEE, No. 264 PENN STREET.—Longer in the practice of Special and Chronic Diseases than any physician in the city so advertising. All forms of venereal diseases cured in the most thorough and satisfactory manner. Spermatorrhœa or nervous debility, producing blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, noises in the head, indigestion, despondency, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, and which unfit the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing consumption and insanity, are permanently cured.

Long and standing constitutional diseases skillfully treated, and the effects of mercury completely eradicated.

The Doctor gives particular attention to female complaints, Sterility, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, and all irregularities of the female system. Any trouble. A medical pamphlet is published in plain language for the married ladies, and sent by mail for two stamps. Correspondence strictly confidential. Hours—9 A. M. to 2 P. M., Sundays excepted. Philadelphia Medical Institute, 276 Penn street. jan10-y84-W

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY. —DELAMARRE'S SPECIFIC PILLS, Prepared by DELAMARRE & CO., Pharmaciens, Paris, Lauréat, Paris, and highly recommended by the entire Medical Faculty of France, are the very best remedy in use for the speedy cure of all Diseases of the Urinary and of the Genital Organs; "Time the Great Brick-Dust" deposits in the Urine, and all the other gloomy and painful symptoms arising from Overuse or Excesses. They cure when all other remedies fail. Price $1 per box; sent by mail, securely sealed from all observation, by enclosing price to the Sole General Agents for America, JOB MOSES, 18 Cortlandt street, New York. Pamphlet of Advice in each box, or will be sent Free to any address. jan1ow-L

PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from three to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency, and all other diseases of the genital organs, through generation. A cure warranted, or money refunded. Has had thirteen years' practice in this city, and has cured over 10,000 cases.

Medicines sent, etc, address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Office hours—9 A. M. to 12 M., from 2 to 3, and 6 to 8 P.M., Sundays excepted. feb7-115

BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS ARE unfailing in the cure of Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Influenza, Difficult Breathing, Incipient Consumption, and Diseases of the Throat and Lungs. Public speakers and any child will take them. Thousands have been restored to health and strength by their use, after having tried hundreds of cases. A single dose relieves in Ten Minutes. Look for BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS. Price 25 cents, for sale by all druggists. Depot for wholesale supply, 50 Cedar street, New York.

Address JOB MOSES, jan14-W-eow 18 Cortlandt street, New York.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THIS superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces IMMEDIATELY a splendid Black or natural Brown, leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or nitrate of silver, and is sold by and druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York. oct-107-MWF-T

MANHOOD! WOMANHOOD! Wedlock (or the Indian Queen). Who may marry, who not, Why? Impediments, causes in nature, Every father, mother, young man and young woman should read it before being fettered for life. SEND ENVELOPE; 15 cents each; both for 25 cents. Address DR. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

ON MARRIAGE—HAPPY RELIEF for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Nervous debility cured. Impediments to marriage removed. A method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free in sealed letter envelopes. Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. apr20

BRIGHAM YOUNG COULD HAVE taken his wives along with him if behad provided them with CABLE SCREW WIRE SPIORS, as they are durable and economical. jan16-MWF

INSURANCE.

CASH INSURANCE COMP'Y,

Phelan's Building,

No. 22 FIFTH AVENUE, Second Floor, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital All Paid Up.

DIRECTORS.

J. Bigley, John Flack, Capt. M. Riley,
Daniel Wallace, R. Hartman, Jas. Dalzell,
Jake Hill, S. McCurdan, Jas. M. Bebley,
Thomas Smith, John S. Wilson.

ROBERT B. KING, President.
JOHN FLACK, Vice President.
JOSEPH T. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
ALEX. M. KING, General Agent.

Insures on Liberal Terms on all Fire and Inland Marine Risks.

IRON CITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

No. 64 Fourth Avenue.

Insures against loss or damage by fire at the lowest rates consistent with safety.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

David Gregg, Mansfield B. Brown,
S. W. Black, Charles Lockhart,
R. G. Negley, Joseph H. Mitchell,
John Caskey, Thos. W. Baker,
Jos. McCandless, H. M. Brownfield,
P. N. Guthrie, John R. Gregg,
W. G. Gibson, John Bissell,
Geo. R. Dunlap, Simon Boyman,
Max. R. Moorhead.

DAVID GREGG, President.

DAVID CAMPBELL, Secretary.
A. C. SEARIGHT, Assistant Secretary. ap5d3

Western Insurance Company of Pittsburgh.

Incorporated April, 1849.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - $225,000.

Fire and Marine Insurance.

Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.

Office First National Bank Building, corner of Fifth Avenue and Wood street.

DIRECTORS.

Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.
Alex. Speer, Jr., Jos. Woodwell,
Wm. Morrison, David M. Long,
Charles A. Clarke, John R. McCune,
Wm. S. Ergus, Jr., A. B. Hunter,
Philip Reymer, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
H. Sellers McKee.

ALEX. NIMICK, President.
REUBEN MILLER, Jr., Secretary.
GEO. NEELD, Agent and Surveyor.

PENNSYLVANIA INS'CE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.

Office: Second Floor 107½ Wood Street

This is a home company, offering good security for the insured. Risks taken at reasonable rates, and losses promptly settled and paid.

DIRECTORS.

C. Yeager, L. Walter, Robt. Patrick,
Wm. Smith, J. Painter, Thos. Mellon,
C. Boyle, Geo. Wilson, J. Fleming,
G. W. Evans, Henry Gerwig, James Graham,
J. H. Hopkins, Dumas Lutz.

C. YEAGER, President.
L. WALTER, Vice President.
ROBT. PATRICK, Treasurer.
H. MOELHENY, Secretary.

ALLEGHENY INSURANCE CO. OF PITTSBURGH.

Office, No. 67 Fourth Avenue.

Insures against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks.

JOHN IRWIN, JR., President.
J. J. STOCKDALE, Vice President.
C. C. DONNELL, Secretary.
CAPT. WM. DEAN, General Agent.

DIRECTORS.

John Irwin, jr., John Irwin, Jr.,
J. T. Stockdale, W. H. Everson,
C. G. Hussey, Robert Irwin,
Harvey Childs, Hugh S. Fleming,
Charles Hays, Jas. N. Lockford,
Capt. Wm. Dean, T. H. Nevin.

FEDERAL INSURANCE CO.

Of Allegheny City Pa.,

Fire and Marine

OFFICE: Cor. Federal and Lacock Streets.

A. McFARLAND, President. S. H. HARTMAN, Vice President.
W. GIBSON MILLER, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

A. McFarland, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
S. H. Hartman, W. Smith,
Edward Gregg, A. W. Erwin,
Valentine Bakers, Jacob Rook,
Joseph H. Bedaint, M. H. Syndam,
Wm. Schoyer, Albert Pitcairn,
W. G. Lingfitt, D. Moore,
W. G. Gibson, W. H. Parke,
Samuel Dyer, Wm. Robinson,
Wm. Rossburg, H. S. McGeary.

W. J. CARSON, General Agent.

NATIONAL INSURANCE CO.,

Corner Federal Street and Diamond, Allegheny.

Office in the SECOND NATIONAL BANK BUILDING.

W. W. MARTIN, President.
JOHN C. DUNLAP, Vice President.
JAS. E. STEVENSON, Secretary.

DIRECTORS.

John A. Myler, Jas. Lockhart, Joseph Myers,
Jas. L. Graham, Robert Lea, C. C. Boyle,
Jas. Park, Jr., Thos. Bingham, Jr., Jos. Shorp,
Jas. Chambers, Jno. Thompson, Jr., W. H. Smith,
O. H. P. Williams, Jno. Thompson, J. McNaugher.

COAL AND COKE.

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG,

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Lawrenceville. Also, Yard and Office, Second street, Eighth ward, and at the foot of Rose street, P. & C. R. R. Depot, Second ward. Orders left at either of the above offices, or addressed to the Box through Pittsburgh P. O., will receive prompt attention.

Refer to whom I am supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Russell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alexander Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. Faber & Co., L. D. Lyon & Co., James Marshall & Co., Allen, McKee & Co., Union Depot Hotel, Connellsville railroad, Pennsylvania railroad, Allegheny Valley railroad.

FINANCIAL.

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

No. 64 W

HOME NEWS.

For Sale.—A good route on this paper. Can make $10 a week. Call to-day at counting room.

For Rent.—A large room on second floor of GAZETTE building, corner of Sixth avenue and Smithfield street. This room is a very desirable one for an office. For terms, &c., apply at the GAZETTE Counting Room.

Letters held for Postage.—Mrs. G. A. Sprecher, Rock Island, Illinois, 2c.; Ernest Newer, Rock Spring, Mobile, 3c.; The Washington Life Insurance Company, New York, 1c.

Another Strike.—The stone masons of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and vicinity at a late meeting of their Union determined to notify contractors that after June 15th they would demand $3.50 per day, being an advance of twenty-five cents of their present wages.

The Young Man, Josiah Stevenson, who was found drowned in the Allegheny river, on Wednesday afternoon, was taken charge of by Hermann & Lappe, Undertakers, No. 195 Ohio street, and buried at the expense of Jno. Wylie & Son, No. 12 Stevenson street, Pittsburgh, who bought a fine coffin and had him buried on Thursday afternoon in Uniondale Cemetery.

Personal.—Mr. W. B. McCord, well known in journalistic circles of the Pittsburgh press, and lately engaged in the Reportorial department of the GAZETTE has, in connection with his brother, purchased the Union newspaper and job printing office at Wellsville, Ohio. Mr. McCord's departure will occasion regret among his many friends, on who wish him every success in his new enterprise.

SHELBYVILLE, Tenn., May 13, 1872.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Inclosed you will find one dollar and fifty cents to pay for one years' subscription to the PITTSBURGH GAZETTE. I see by the last number that my time is out, and as I have been a reader of your paper for the last forty years I would feel lost without it.

Respectfully yours,
THOMAS MITCHELL.

(We thank our old friend Mitchell for his constancy. We hope he and the GAZETTE will be mutual friends for forty years more. EDITORS.]

A Locomotive Wrecked.

Last evening about half-past six o'clock as a ocomotive on the Pennsylvania Railroad was coming toward Pittsburgh, it jumped the track near Grapeville, about twenty-seven miles from the city. The locomotive was completely demolished, but no one was injured except the fireman, who had a leg broken. The passenger train was delayed about three hours.

Killed in a Coal Mine.

Coroner West was yesterday summoned to hold an inquest over the body of James Cromer, who was found dead at Blackburn & Co.'s coal mines, about four miles above McKeesport. Investigations developed the fact that that the deceased was killed by the falling of a huge mass of rock while at work in the coal mine. A verdict of accidental death was returned. Deceased was a single man about twenty-two years of age, was a foreigner and had no relatives in this country.

No Deviation.

At the great hat and cap house of Messrs. Wm. Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street, the one price system is adhered to at all times and under all circumstances and is as unalterable as the laws of the Medes and Persians. As all goods are marked down to the very lowest figures at which they can be sold there can be no deviation from the rule without positive loss. And herein lies the great beauty and peculiar excellence of the one price system. For instance, if a higher price than the selling price were asked that alone would be sufficient evidence to the most superficial that the former would

[illegible] positions of merit and affluence; [illegible] other hand, to his certain kn[illegible] official statistics to corroborate [illegible], he showed that but thee were kn[illegible] com- mitted a previous crime. [illegible] also said that within his kno[illegible] of about ninety deaf mutes in Alleg[illegible] only five were receiving instructio[illegible] suite lusti- tutions. Many other fa[illegible] a to prove that the deaf are [illegible] grade of the highest mental cultu[illegible] ooks bear the imprint of their han[illegible] ose and poetry; and what could [illegible] sublime feeling than that of poet[illegible] ceived by those deprived of sight [illegible] but having an in[illegible] for sublir[illegible] mass of information presented was [illegible] ply interesting. The lecture throughou[illegible] one of great eloquence, and did credit to the [illegible] eminent qualities of head and heart. We were only sorry that thousands were not present instead of hundreds. But we trust that the end has been accomplished of enlisting the earnest attention of our citizens to such a deeply important and much neglected subject.

THE COURTS.

COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT AND COLLIER.

John Hickmansteth vs. James Blackmore, George W. Boyd et al. Action of ejectment for a tract of land, located in upper Sinclair township. The jury found for the plaintiff $60.06 damage and costs, subject to the opinion of the Court in land on the question of law—reserved.

Thomas Archibald vs. Giles S. Bates. This was an action of debt. On trial.

Trial List for To-day.

153. Smith vs. Gardner.
12. North Avenue M. E. Church vs. Golden.
101. Maffett & Old vs. Fisher et al.
120. Partridge vs. Hufnagle.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE MCKENNAN.

Yesterday's proceedings in the case of United States vs. Geo. W. Bowers and Thomas Riley, indicted for robbing the mail, &c., are as follows: The jury returned a verdict of not guilty. The next case in order was United States vs. Jno. D. Etzweiler, indicted for passing counterfeit money. On trial.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE KIRKPATRICK.

Isaac Grubbs, assignee in backruptcy of Jas. H. McCoy vs. Jordan & Neil, Wm. Neil and William Oliver. In this action the jury found for the plaintiff $1,650.

Peter bager for use of the Sharksburg and Etna Saving Bank vs. Nicholas Snyder. Defendant appeared and confessed judgment in favor of plaintiff for $200 with costs.

Trial List for To-day.

109. Wm. Drebdeck's executors vs. Coleman, Rahn & Co.
85. G. W. Grubbs' assignee vs. Jordan S. Nell et al.
191. James Sarvier for use vs. Geo. Scheffel.
193. Thomas Sinclair vs. G. G. Leavenworth.
194. G. G. Leavenworth vs. Thos. Sinclair.
196. John O'Brien vs. Thos. Sinclair.
196. Same vs. Same.

The Latest on 20 Feet Lots.

When the present stock is sold no more will be made. Every body wants a quarter acre.

OAKDALE.

A Grand Gala Day.

CATTLE SHOW.

First Annual Exhibition of Fayette Farmers' Club.

In December last we noticed in the GAZETTE the organization, at Oakdale, on the Pan Handle Railroad, in South Fayette township, of a Farmers' Club, and we hailed the fact with joy, as it proved that the thrifty farmers of the beautiful and fertile Chartiers Valley were moving in the right direction, and determined to keep pace with the ever progressing age. The officers of the club are Mr. W. C. Herron, President; Messrs. Vincent Miller and Wm. Ewing, Vice Presidents, and Mr. J. Wood Nesbitt, Secretary. Through the winter, fortnightly meetings were held, at which interesting discussions were had on agricultural and kindred subjects and a very great interest was from the first noticed. As spring advanced it was determined to give a public exhibition of the farm product of the members of the club, for the double purpose of collecting together all the excellent live stock for which this beautiful valley is celebrated, and thus making an interesting exhibit, and stimulating the members to greater exertions in the interest of general agriculture, so that the future fairs, or cattle shows of the club, might take that high rank which they certainly were entitled to.

THE FAIR.

Well, yesterday the fair was held, and we can truthfully say, it was a grand success, in fact it was a marvel, that so much could be done on such short notice. The day was splendid, neither too warm, nor too cold, the attendance was very large, and the arrangements were complete in every particular. In another year, permanent sheds and booths will have been erected, and the articles and stock then exhibited will show to much better advantage. The ladies, as usual, had many excellent and beautiful articles of their handiwork at the fair, but they were compelled to extemporise a place of exhibition in a commodious, but unsightly, barn, where it was impossible to add the charm of skilfully arranged embellishments. However, this was no drawback, and the ladies made their usual impressions on the assembled lookers on. In this hurried sketch it is impossible to do that full justice which the occasion deserves, and are enabled to give only the most prominent of the many interesting things on exhibition.

LIVE STOCK.

Among the stock we noticed a splendid Kentucky imported 4 year old Durham Bull, weight 2,000 pounds, owned by John W. McDonald, McDonald station, Washington county. The name of this noble specimen of his race is Taylor Duke, and he wears his honors meekly. Also exhibited by the same gentleman, one 13 month old calf, a prodigy for size and beauty. J. W. Nesbitt of Oakdale, exhibited one 11 month old Durham bull calf. G. W. McKee and Wm. A. Herron, of Oakdale, a 2 year old Durham bull, imported from Kentucky. This beauty has a herd book pedigree which we should like to give, but cannot in this notice. Wm. S. Jackson of Walker's station, exhibited a 3 year old, fawn colored, Alderney bull of great size and beauty, and R. M. Morrow of North Fayette, a yearling Deron bull calf, which commanded much attention. Robert Hopper of South Fayette, had two Durham cows and calves, and there were others, the owners of which we could not get.

[illegible] sewing machine—a household necessity—was not undeserved. The gentlemanly agent, Mr. J. R. Niblo, was present and complied with every request of the visitors who became interested in the trial and frequently suggested new tests. We expect the result will be an increase in the very large trade that keeps the force employed at the Home office, No. 19 Fifth avenue.

Besides these machines we noticed the Domestic exhibited by Mr. J. Kuhns. The Wilson Shuttle by M. Robert Stewart. The Singer by Mr. S. L. Wilson, and the Florence by Messrs. Heckert & McCalla.

VEHICLES.

The display of wagons, sulkies, buggies, etc., was not large, and we think, in this Pittsburgh and Allegheny forgot herself for once.

Mr. Daniel Hoffman, of Noblestown, exhibited one buck wagon, one spring wagon, one Jersey wagon and one top buggy.

David Crouch, Noblestown, two top buggies, one open buggy, and one 2 horse barouche.

There were some others, also, but we could not find the owners.

THE OAKDALE BAND.

We must not forget to mention the brass band of which our thriving suburb justly boasts, and which discoursed most eloquent music during the day. The boys show much proficiency and acquitted themselves handsomely.

In closing our necessarily brief notice of the first exhibition of the Fayette Farmers' Club, we congratulate them on their success, and assure them that they have our warmest wishes for their future. The GAZETTE will continue to give notices of their progress from time to time. Our thanks are due to the officers and directors for attentions paid us, and promise to be on hand at their next fair.

We have many other notes, but are necessarily obliged to stop, with what we have written.

THE SOMERSET FUND.

Additional Contributions.

The following contributions for the relief of the sufferers by the fire at Somerset have been made since our published report in yesterday's issue:

A. Hilands, $10; A. Guckewheuner, $25; M. W. Atchinson, $25; Dr. W. C. Heiter, $20; M. Reiter, $10; Logan & Gregory, $50; J. Klee & Bro., $20; Hutchinson & Co., $25; Richard E. Reed, $25; Kaufman, Openheimer & Co., $20; Harry Shirls, $25; Bakewell, Pears & Co., $50; R. H. Hartley & Co., $25; Little & Mechling, $50; Arbuthnot, Shannon & Co., $25; Delworth & Bros., $25; Dalzell & Townsend, $20; Haworth & Dewhurst, $20; Voight, Mahood & Co., $10; England & Bindley, $10; John Hays, $10; John A. Renshaw, $10; Head, Carson & Co., $10; M. McCullough, Jr., & Co., $10; Thomas Scandrett, $5; W. Miller & Co., $15; James O'Brien, $2; John Cooper, $5; J. A. Graff, $5; Loh & Cooley, $2; Bricku, $5; W. P. Marshall, $5; Highy, Gunt & Co., $10; W. H. Graff, $2; Cash, $5; Kramer & Vogleson, $20; R. S. Davis & Co., $10; Lane Bros., $10; Thomas Brown, $5; P. McCullough, $5; A. Garrison & Co., $25; Thos. Baily, $5; A. S. Gilmore, $10; Wm. Holtzher, $5; Reiter & Allen, $5; W. F. & G. Noble, $5; T. B. Young & Co., $10; H. W. Beaumont, $5; T. F. Scott, $5; Henry Berger, $5; W. J. Fullerton, $5; S. Williams, $10; Weyman Bros., $20; McCartin & Shanley, $5; C. Holmes, $2; C. King, $2; A. Moss, 1; J. C. Anderson, $5; Aranstbal & Son, $2; Jno. Shomo, $1; F. Schmidt, $2; D. Allen, $1; W. Grosh, $1; O. Helmbold, $1; A. Hindle, Jr., $2; Randolph & Adolphius, $5; Neiman & Bro., $5; Speck & Marrow, $5; Koenig & Gill, $5; J. Shidle, & Son, $3; Ira B. McVay & Co., $25; Simon Johnson, $5; Jones & Laughlins, $50; Hostetter & Smith, $6; T. Alden, $2; Dr. King, $1; M. C. J. & Co., $10; Arbuckles'& Co., $100; A. M. Holter, $5; Tack Bros. & Co., $25, Jas. P. Baar & Co., $25; Byers, McCollough & Co., $25, Sundry cash contributions $134. A total thus far of about $2,000.

Several gentlemen and friends who have subscribed have not yet handed over their contributions to treasurer Patterson. Three thousand dollars have already been sent to Somerset and [illegible] Works [illegible] ding. His assets [illegible] a dangerous character, but the fright arising therefrom was pretty great. His shirt was torn off; which probably saved his life.

TWO MEN in West Pittsburgh got into an altercation in a store and upset a tub of eggs containing fifty dozen. The eggs were smashed to jelly with the shells mixed in. Of course the mess was a dead loss to the grocer, and the litigants had to pay the damage, amounting to about $40 each.

DANIEL O'NEILL, Esq., the accomplished editor of the *Dispatch*, has one of the most principally homesteads on Penn avenue. We are glad that the editorial fraternity has at least one representative able to live and die among the nabobs of the outside districts, in a style worthy a true and hospitable gentleman.

EAST BIRMINGHAM will not be behind any of her sister places in giving relief to the sorrowing. His committee to raise funds for the Somerset sufferers, number among its members both good and lawful men. Their names are Rev. Mr. Hertzberger, Rev. Mr. Irish, John P. Heldman, H. H. Hoerr, Rothrock & Co.

TWO horses attached to a buggy were standing on St. Clair street last evening when they were by a passing dray, which touched one of the horses. They ran up St. Clair street to the Fifth avenue bridge, running against a wagon and completely demolishing the buggy. Fortunately the buggy was empty and no one was injured.

THE passing of trains through the city about the Union Depot is becoming an almost intolerable nuisance. The railroad companies generally violate city ordinances in running very long trains through the city, and at a rate a great deal faster than four miles an hour, thus blocking the street with trains and causing considerable trouble.

A GRAND opening and free entertainment will be given by Maj. Vanvoorhis at Oakland Park on next Tuesday the 21st inst. The Major has secured almost all our fast horses who will appear on this occasion. There will be no betting or recordism of any kind allowed. The object is to allow all our citizens to see our fast horses free of expense. This is certainly very generous on the part of Mr. Vanvoorhis, and we hope our citizens will appreciate it and turn out. There is no harm in witnessing a good horse showing his merits.

LIKE a solemn sentry keeping guard over the ashes of the silent and well nigh forgotten dead who sleep the sweet sleep of eternal rest, in the old Trinity church yard, stands a plain shaft of gray sandstone which, in its isolation and lonely grandeur, cannot fail to attract attention and excite curiosity. For a long time this monument was hidden from view when the merry stone cutter chiselled and carved piece after piece of rough stone into the made shed that had it away, but when the proud new church edifice was finished and the debris was removed, the old monument burst again into sight unimpaired and more than ever grandly eloquent. Its companions had nearly all fallen and been removed and it now stands one among many in its dreary loneliness, to tell that the ground was made sacred in its consecration to the dead.

There it stands, no ruthless hands
Have robbed it of its glory.
The sacred ground, itself profound,
Tell naught but half the story.
The holy dead in churchyard bed.
Curse none in angry tones;
With God, at rest, among the blessed
They guard not dust and bones.

Congress in the 23rd District.

MESSRS. EDITORS: It is important that in the approaching conference, Allegheny county should present a candidate who properly understands the interests of this district and who has the ability to take care of them.

We submit that A. M. Watson, Esq., combines the necessary qualities. He is an old citizen, a good lawyer, and a consistent member of the party. He has a practical knowledge of our iron, river, agricultural and manufacturing interests. His high character as a man and a thinker and speaker, would command respect anywhere. Now that the question of tariff, in which this district is so deeply interested, is coming into so much prominence, it is important that we have a man of such character to represent us in Washington.

Mr. Watson's friends feel assured that his name would add strength to the ticket, and if chosen he would be a credit to the district.

REPUBLICAN.

North Side, May 16, 1872.

OHIO RIVER IMPROVEMENT.

Meeting of the Steamboatmen—Discussion of the River Interests.

A meeting of coal merchants, steamboatmen and others, was held yesterday morning at the coal office of Messrs. Fawcett & Sons, corner of Wood and Market streets, to confer with Gen. Weitzel in regard to the Ohio river improvement. Mr. John F. Dravo presided, and Simpson Horner, Esq., was appointed Secretary.

Col. Merrill stated the object of the meeting, and requested all to express their opinion and give their advice upon this important movement.

A resolution was offered by Mr. Horner requesting that the dam at the left and near the foot of Bamel's Island should be raised to a height of eight feet, and that the shoal places be dredged out.

The resolution occasioned considerable discussion participated in by Capt Smith, Alf. Reno, N. G. Bigley, Gen. Moorhead, Capt. Stockdale, Col. Merrell and others.

The resolution was formally passed by a vote of twenty-eight to ten.

COL. MERRILL said that no appropriation had yet been made by Congress and but for that the work would have been commenced. Much trouble was also occasioned by the inconvenient arrangement for advertising for proposals for supplies. The advertisements were published in Chicago, St. Louis and Washington papers instead of at more convenient places, where timely sufficient supplies might be obtained. This arrangement is due to the efficient (?) management of Mr. Chas. Dana of the New York *Sun*, while acting as Assistant Secretary of War.

Inquiries were made in regard to the improvements needed at Beaver Shoals, Horse Tail Riffle and Merriman's Bar. Col. Merrill stated the improvements had already been designed for Beaver Shoals. The other places mentioned would receive the earliest possible attention.

After some further discussion the meeting adjourned *sine die*.

POLICE NOTES.

Brief Mention of Criminalities.

Before Justice Hoerr appeared Henry Spark, charging Robert Tippen with striking him in the face on a street car. Although no spar k flew Henry was of the opinion that no one should be tipped him without good cause. A warrant was issued.

On an average, last month, Burgess Dressel disposed of three cases per day. So much for East Birmingham.

Mayor Blackmore yesterday morning disposed of thirty-two common cases.

Mr. Hardtrumph was before the Mayor yesterday morning, charged with assaulting an officer. The case is for court.

Mayor Callow yesterday disposed of five common cases, most of them disorderlies.

Deputy Mayor Nichols disposed of five common cases yesterday morning.

Before Alderman Strain Mrs. McGorney yesterday made two informations against Daniel Morton for surety of the peace and for disorderly conduct. Warrents were issued for his arrest.

Two charges were yesterday made against George Miller by F. Axter, charging that the defendant came to his house and acted in a disorderly manner, and striking the prosecutor. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

Ordinance Officer Geary, of Allegheny, yesterday made information against Wm. Conway for obstructing Sheffield street. Mayor Callow issued a warrant.

Hugh Callaghan yesterday made information against Adam Gormew, before Alderman Bailey, charging that the defendant had assaulted and struck a son of the prosecutor. A warrant was issued.

William Gray and Kate Fielding were yesterday committed to the House of Refuge by Mayor Callow on charges of incorigibility.

Seventeen boys were before Mayor Callow last evening on a charge of disorderly conduct in disturbing the people of Green street. Four of them were fined $20 and costs each, and the rest of them were fined $10 and costs each.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—The spectators here last evening, to witness the play entitled "Peril," were highly pleased with the manner of its arrangement. Miss Glover and Mr. Gotthold are deserving of especial mention, for they are interesting and attractive in everything they do. The piece will be repeated, and all should improve the present opportunity and attend.

LIBRARY HALL.—On next Tuesday evening, the 21st inst., the public will have the pleasure of listening to the eminent phrenologist, Professor O. S. Fowler. His subject will be, "Life, Health and Self-Culture." For further particulars see his advertisement.

SIMMONS & SLOCUM'S MINSTRELS, who have been playing to crowded houses during their short stay here, closed last evening. This troupe is one of the best traveling, and are always made welcome by our amusement goers.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.—Mr. V. E. Beamer, the present manager, respectfully announces to the public of this city and suburban towns, that he has just returned from an extended and highly successful tour to an important engagement in New York, will stop in Pittsburgh for a brief season. The great comic operatic burlesque, entitled "Fortunio," will be produced. We predict for him a successful career during his brief sojourn here.

Queen of the Road.

Among the great variety of plain and stylish carriages to be always seen at the extensive Bazaar of C. West & Co., Nos. 75, 77 and 79 Liberty street, will be found an improved patent *Rock Wagon*, quite peculiar in construction, very light, very strong and very cheap; the spring is unusually strong, and yet so flexible and its motions so easy and gentle, that we feel sure they will grow rapidly into popular favor and prove to be, as they are called, the "Queen of the Road." Orders for them are coming in rapidly.

F

Buchanan Letter List—May 17, 1872.

Annie Marietta
Barker Arabella
Bare S A
Bancord John
Brown W S
Black John
Bradley M M
Conway James
Carr James
Cook James
Cole Hadsan
Cummings J M
Cummings W F
Doughty Wm
Davis E D
Elliott Mary W
Evans Z E
Emser Miss
Ensil Samuel
Fisher Miss S
Fisher Miss M
Gilmore James
Hart Crisp
Hayden H T
Hutts Sherick
Jones Thos H
Keeper Mrs L
Kluge Thos
Kleiper Mrs F
Lamb Mary
Link M W
Mellon S
Leadgreen A
Morgan T E
Mitchell Robt
Miller Sophia
Muhollan J F
Morgan Mrs D
Morgan W F
McCormick J
McIntosh M
Pabody D
Richey Sarah
Reddick H
Smith R C
Smith John
Schaffer B H
Straup F
Trumpley Geo
Thornton D
Weigel W

PHILIP HOERR, P. M.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

Buy at the One Price

Hat and Cap House of Messrs. Wm. Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street.

Arm, Arm, Arm, Arm, Arm,

Arm, arm, arm, arm, arm! And the available room under the *arm* of the "Domestic" Sewing Machine, being more than in any other machine, makes this most desirable.

BREVITIES.

THE fruit is safe so far.

THE dry weather is telling on the crops.

A NEW alcove was yesterday put up in the Mercantile Library.

THE city is much healthier now, than it was three weeks ago.

IF Henry Keating will call at the Mayor's office he will hear of something greatly to his advantage.

FROM present indication there will be an abundance of apples, pears, peaches, plumbs, and other fruit.

JUDGE KILKPATRICK is to deliver the oration at the dedication of the soldier's monument, at Washington, Pa., on dedication day.

JUSTICE HOERR had two cases of assault and battery before him yesterday. They were settled without much trouble or expense, however.

THE hand mower found insufficient to cut the grass in the Allegheny Park, and a one horse mower was yesterday introduced for that purpose.

THE Dean literary Society will meet this afternoon in the High School building, at which time Professor Newell will entertain the Society by select readings.

JOHN WILSON, a young man employed in the Keystone Bridge Works, had his left leg broken below the knee, yesterday morning by a large casting falling upon it.

A CANDIDATE for the Assembly, at the cattle show yesterday, wanted to know if a large three yeared heifer was of the dung-hill breed. He has evidently been visiting a cock pit.

A MEETING of the Pittsburgh Loan Association will be held on Saturday, May 18, at 2½ o'clock P. M., at which time Hon. T. J. Bigham will deliver a lecture on "Constitutional Reform."

ABOUT seven o'clock last evening at slight fire occurred in a blacksmith shop, on Gray's alley, near Anderson street, Allegheny. The Columbia will run off from eight to twelve charges. The copperas nearly pays for the stills.

A RUMOR has been prevalent that the Fort Pitt Iron Works were about to suspend operations and close up their affairs in Pittsburgh. This is not the case. This rumor undoubtedly originated from the fact that the concern had ceased to make guns, or cannon. They have turned their works over to the manufacture of blast furnace work, and the heaviest of castings which are demanded for various purposes.

$40,000

Worth of Mowry lots sold at auction sale Wednesday, May 15th. People buy city lots, not quarter acres of bogs and frog ponds. See our next auction sale, Saturday, May 18th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

A. MCILWAISE, Auctioneer. SILL & SON, corner Butler and 42d sts.

$40,000

Worth of lots sold on Wednesday afternoon last, at the great auction of the "Mowry lots" on Butler street. Come if you want to get one, on Saturday at 2 P. M. Second great sale of Mowry Lots!!! SILL & SON, Sole Agents, Corner Butler and Forty-second streets.

$10,000

Worth of lots sold in about 3 hours time, at the great sale of "Mowry lots," on Wednesday last, May 15. The second great sale takes place on Saturday, May 18, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Come! Come! Come!
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Corner Butler and Forty-second streets.

$10,000

Worth of lots sold in about 3 hours time, at the great sale of "Mowry lots," on Wednesday last, May 15. The second great sale takes place on Saturday, May 18, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Come! Come! Come!
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Corner Butler and Forty-second streets.

Great Auction Sale.

Mowry Lots! Mowry Lots!!
Mowry Lots!!!
on Butler street, on Saturday May 18th, at 2 o'clock.
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Cor. Butler and 42nd streets.
A. MCILWAIN, Auctioneer.

Great Auction Sale.

Mowry Lots! Mowry Lots!!
Mowry Lots!!!
on Butler street, on Saturday, May 18th, at 2 o'clock.
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Cor. Butler and 42nd streets.
A. MCILWAIN, Auctioneer.

Great Auction Sale.

Mowry Lots! Mowry Lots!!
Mowry Lots!!!
on Butler street, on Saturday, May 18th, at 2 o'clock.
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Cor. Butler and 42nd streets.
A. MCILWAIN, Auctioneer.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

7 Yards Wide,

The "regulation" lots.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

7 Yards Wide,

The "regulation" lots.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

38 Trains Daily

On two railroads, stop at North Homestead.

Plenty of Room

For the work you are doing is afforded by the Patent Extension Table of the "Domestic" Sewing Machine. No other machine has this valuable attachement.

38 Trains Daily

On two railroads, stop at North Homestead.

Attention, Retention, Intention.

Detention, extention. But *tension* is always uniform in the "Domestic" Sewing Machine, and in this *only*. It is one of its strong points. Another is the impossibility of skipping stitches.

38 Trains Daily

On two railroads, stop at North Homestead.

No Bother with the Tension.

On the Domestic the tension adjusts itself, thus avoiding the manifold botherations which beset the owners of other sewing machines.

Mowry Lots! Mowry Lots!!
Mowry Lots!!!

7 Yards Wide,

The "regulation" lots.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

6 "Dolly Varden"

Dress patterns will cover a "regulation" lot.

New Goods! New Goods!!—A large assortment of new goods at the new stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

DEGELMAN & BLACK.

Take Up!

Not by the policeman, but by the "Automatic Take-up" of the "Domestic" Sewing Machine. It does facilitate the work wonderfully.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

MANUFACTURING NEWS.

THE Mt. Oliver passenger incline is almost ready to go into operation.

THE National Tube Company, from Boston, who are putting up a branch establishment at McKeesport, propose including a plate mill, furnace and foundry with the pipe works.

THE plans for the new water works of Allegheny are all out, and some of the work done. Preparations have been made to complete the entire works by the 1st of January, 1873.

THE rolling mill of McKnight & Co., burned down a few months ago, has been reconstructed according to approved plans, making it one of the best of the Pittsburgh mills. It will soon be ready to go into full operation.

MORE blast furnace and rolling mill machinery will be turned out of Pittsburgh this year than during any two previous years of her history. Every shop which makes a specialty of this class of business is compelled to call upon shops intended for other work to help them through.

PARTIES are now in Pittsburgh with a view of ascertaining the advantages of constructing pneumatic dispatch tubes and machinery to be used on a long line in New York. It is expected that a considerable portion of the iron work for the New York and Brooklyn bridge will be done here.

THE important additions and improvements which are being made at the Millvale Iron Works, including the erection of six Danks puddling machines, is going ahead with good speed, and when fully completed the works will rank so near the largest in the country that but few will surpass them in magnitude.

PITTSBURGH has one of the three establishments in the country which restores the sulphur lo acid used in treating petroleum. Lead heating pans and cast iron stills are used. A very fine article of copperas is produced from the still bottoms. A still three hundred barrels thick will run off from eight to twelve charges. The copperas nearly pays for the stills.

A RUMOR has been prevalent that the Fort Pitt Iron Works were about to suspend operations and close up their affairs in Pittsburgh. This is not the case. This rumor undoubtedly originated from the fact that the concern had ceased to make guns, or cannon. They have turned their works over to the manufacture of blast furnace work, and the heaviest of castings which are demanded for various purposes.

$40,000

Worth of Mowry lots sold at auction sale Wednesday, May 15th. People buy city lots, not quarter acres of bogs and frog ponds. See our next auction sale, Saturday, May 18th, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

A. MCILWAISE, Auctioneer. SILL & SON, corner Butler and 42d sts.

$40,000

Worth of lots sold on Wednesday afternoon last, at the great auction of the "Mowry lots" on Butler street. Come if you want to get one, on Saturday at 2 P. M. Second great sale of Mowry Lots!!! SILL & SON, Sole Agents, Corner Butler and Forty-second streets.

$10,000

Worth of lots sold in about 3 hours time, at the great sale of "Mowry lots," on Wednesday last, May 15. The second great sale takes place on Saturday, May 18, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Come! Come! Come!
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Corner Butler and Forty-second streets.

$10,000

Worth of lots sold in about 3 hours time, at the great sale of "Mowry lots," on Wednesday last, May 15. The second great sale takes place on Saturday, May 18, at 2 o'clock, P. M.

Come! Come! Come!
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Corner Butler and Forty-second streets.

Great Auction Sale.

Mowry Lots! Mowry Lots!!
Mowry Lots!!!
on Butler street, on Saturday May 18th, at 2 o'clock.
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Cor. Butler and 42nd streets.
A. MCILWAIN, Auctioneer.

Great Auction Sale.

Mowry Lots! Mowry Lots!!
Mowry Lots!!!
on Butler street, on Saturday, May 18th, at 2 o'clock.
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Cor. Butler and 42nd streets.
A. MCILWAIN, Auctioneer.

Great Auction Sale.

Mowry Lots! Mowry Lots!!
Mowry Lots!!!
on Butler street, on Saturday, May 18th, at 2 o'clock.
SILL & SON, Sole Agents,
Cor. Butler and 42nd streets.
A. MCILWAIN, Auctioneer.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

The Cheapest House in the City.

Greater inducements are offered at the one price hat and cap house of Messrs. Wm. Fleming & Co. than can be obtained elsewhere.

The Latest on 20 Feet Lots.

When the present stock is sold no more will be made. Every body wants a quarter acre.

Ladies' fine Lisle thread and Berlin glove, ladies' fine silk gloves, ladies' extra size brown and white cotton hose, ladies' extra size brown mixed cotton hose, Balbriggan and Lisle thread hose, children's fancy striped cotton hose, children's fine white cotton hose, extra length. A large assortment of new goods at the new stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

DEGELMAN & BLACK.

The Latest on 20 Feet Lots.

When the present stock is sold no more will be made. Every body wants a quarter acre.

Gents' superfine and superdoun English cotton half hose, gents' another merino and merino French half hose, gents' fine gossamer merino undershirts and drawers, gents' jean and linen drawers, gents' fine Lisle thread and Berlin glove, gents' kid lined driving gloves, gents' fine Caster gloves. A large assortment of new goods at the new stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

DEGELMAN & BLACK.

6 "Dolly Varden"

Dress patterns will cover a "regulation" lot.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

Ladies' and children's gauze and gossamer summer merino underwear, all qualities, at the new stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

DEGELMAN & BLACK.

In the City

The quarter acres at North Homestead.

Horace Greeley doubtless expects to carry the country by a large majority. We think such a result very doubtful unless he buys his clothes at the popular establishment of Messrs. Urling, Follansbee & Co., southwest corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street. The crowds who have purchased outfits at this establishment came away pleased with neat fitting and elegant suits, which give satisfaction in every particular.

In the City.

The quarter acres at North Homestead.

$40,000 to loan on commercial paper.

GEO. B. HILL & CO.,
3t Cor. Wood street and Third avenue.

In the City.

The quarter acres at North Homestead.

Beautiful Lawn Seats and Park Settees, $6.50 to $7.50 each. Address
LIVINGSTON & CO.,
283 Washington ave., Allegheny City. WMF.

The Crime of Making a 20 Foot Lot.

See this week's *Real Estate Register*, for sale by all newsdealers.

MARRIED:

JOHNS—WHITELY—On Thursday evening, May 16, 1872, at Allegheny arsenal, the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. R. Lea, LEONARD E. JOHNS and Miss ELLA WHITELY, daughter of Gen. R. H. K. Whitely, U. S. A., both of Pittsburgh.

[Baltimore papers please copy.]

DIED:

FLEMING—On Friday morning, May 17th, 1872, at one o'clock, Mr. JOHN FLEMING, Sr., formerly of Phœnixville, Chester county, Pa., but for 25 years a citizen of Pittsburgh, aged 74 years.

Notice of funeral in Saturday's papers.

DICKINSON—On Wednesday morning, the 15th inst., of spinal paralysis, EDWARD W., son of H. C. Dickinson, aged 15 years.

Funeral will take place on FRIDAY, 17th inst., at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 48 Beach street, Allegheny. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

PERRY—On Thursday, May 16th, at 3 o'clock A. M., LILLY MARIA, twin daughter of Edward and Maria Perry, aged 5 months and 12 days.

The funeral will take place this (FRIDAY) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the parents' residence, No. 220 Second avenue. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

FOSTER—At Brady's Bend, Pa., May 16th, Mrs. NETTIE A., wife of Alfred R. Foster, in the 19th year of her age.

Funeral from Union Depot, at 10½ o'clock, this (FRIDAY) morning. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

LANHAM—On Thursday morning, May 16th, Mrs. SARAH LANHAM in her 72nd year.

Funeral will take place on FRIDAY MORNING, May 17th, at 10 o'clock, from the residence of A. J. Bilson, No. 60 Fulton street. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

FAIRMAN, TAGGART & CO., UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLE, No. 260 Beaver avenue, Allegheny City. Funerals attended; they are prepared to furnish Coffins, Shrouds, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods at lowest prices. Office open 24 hours day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished. my8

CHARLES, PEEBLES & McGUIRE, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with neat and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $8 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night. ap26-83

ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crapes, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

Mt. Washington's Sunday Breakers.

Two drunken men on Mount Washington hearing music in a school, and feeling in a musical mood went up up to the window to have a better chance; the music ceased about that time, when they demanded the singers to proceed, but being out of tune just then, the choir did not go on, when they sought to raise their mind by throwing stones at the building, which the teacher did not approve of, and tried to have them arrested, but did not succeed; they making their way down the incline and out of sight for a time Justice Smithson and his assistant started on the next trip down the incline, and gave vigorous chase; the two men seeing them coming made tracks, towards Shaleyville. Their movements were closely watched, now that sight was once more gained of them, and seeing that dodging was useless, they made tracks for the open country, putting on all force to leave their pursuers behind. Justice and law however, were not thus to be outdone, and on the fleeing miscreants the officers steadily gained. One of the retreating party, named O'Neil, at this juncture by some means made his escape, but the other now having an additional pursuer in the person of one of 'Squire Thompson's officers—ran boldly into the river at Saw M